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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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For Beauty & Complexion
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CHINA BARS MARCH OF JUNGLE LAW

Enters Sixth Year Of War In High Spirit

HEROIC RESISTANCE THAT INSPIRES FREE MEN

World Greets Ill-Armed People Who Hold Japan At Bay

WASHINGTON, July 7.

A SPECIAL joint order of the day issued by the Secretaries of War and the Navy to all American armed forces on the Fifth Anniversary of Japanese attack on China declares United States' determination to drive the Japanese "from every foot of Chinese soil."

The order greets the Chinese as comrades-in-arms and says their tenacious courage is an "inspiration for the defenders of democracy on every front."

CONCENTRATE ON PACIFIC FIRST

To knock at Japan first before attempting to defeat Hitler would be good strategy, according to Major-General Chu-Shih-Ming, Military Attache to the Chinese Embassy.

He said, if more attention was paid to the Far East and Pacific theatres it would produce a more immediate effect with less effort.

Japan could probably be knocked out this year if the United States concentrated in the Pacific. "It would depend how much we did. The earlier we do it, the easier it will be." Any plan for defeating Hitler first, did not fit in with the Chinese idea,—it was always good strategy to attack the weak antagonist first.

The General's opinion is that Germany would be beaten this year, but it is certain Russia would hold out during the Summer.

Declaring that he did not think any country could be defeated by bombing alone, General Shih-Ming added that with a reasonable amount of air support—even in July with 500 planes—they "could start some kind of offensive".

The Japanese losses to date, in killed and permanently disabled were 1-1/4 million and including the temporarily disabled more than two millions.

The Japanese prisoners numbered 27,408 and Japanese planes shot or destroyed on the ground 993.

There were six million Chinese at the present date under arms and two million Japanese including those in Manchuria.

The Japanese used Gas more than 800 times. They used Mustard Gas but usually Tear Gas. The Japanese also used Bacteria. —Reuter.

FROM ROOSEVELT TO CHIANG

In a message to Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek, Mr. Roosevelt said: "Your arms and our arms will force back the enemy. You, the people of China, and we, the people of the United States, and the peoples of other United Nations will fight on together to victory and to the establishment of peace, justice and order throughout the world."

CHINA'S WAR AIMS

Dr. Wang Su summarised the War Aims of China as follows:—

FIRSTLY, the disarming of Japan, Germany and Italy,

SECONDLY, self-determination of all the people of the world and

THIRDLY, international economic collaboration.

How China Heralds Sixth Year Of War

A number of allied air successes over China are announced.

A Japanese gunboat was sunk at Hankow.

At least ten Japanese planes were destroyed in a raid on Hankow aerodrome on Monday.

Fifty Japanese seaplanes were attacked at Wuchang on July 1.

Twenty Japanese planes were bombed at White Cloud airfield, Canton, and only five escaped destruction.

In Chekiang, the Chinese have recaptured Yungkang, 30 miles south-east of Kinhwa, the Capital.

Further east the Chinese are pressing hard against the Japanese base at Hishui, where the enemy has been forced to strengthen his defences.—Reuter.

The Marshal's Message

"Japan is now beyond recovery" declared Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek in a message marking today's commemoration of the fifth anniversary of China's resistance.

Ten thousand uniformed soldiers paraded the main street of Chungking.

At a mass meeting at the "New Life Model Centre" the War Minister, General Ho Yingchin, inaugurated "conscription promotion week" against a background of brilliantly coloured enlistment posters which contrasted China's old warrior heroes repelling the barbarian invaders, with modern young soldiers marching to fight the Japanese.

Then drummers and jazz dancers performed while dragon-boats held races in the Chinling River.

The New Hope

In his war anniversary statement to foreign correspondents at a press conference this afternoon in Chungking Dr. P. S. Fu, Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs acting in the capacity of a Government spokesman, declared:—

"Today at the threshold of the sixth year of war of resistance Japan is still directing her major attack against us. But there is no Chinese who has now the slightest idea that Japan can ever conquer China. I wish to add, however, that on this fifth anniversary China has a new hope born of the changed world situation brought about by the alliance of the United Nations. Since the United Nations have come to fully recognise the terror and ferocity of the Axis to ensure our permanent security.

It is China's fervent wish that the United Nations will work together, upholding a determined policy not only to defeat the Axis Powers in this war, but to give no chance again to their appetite for conquest or aggression."

CHINA'S ACHIEVEMENT

CHUNGKING, July 7.

The Official Communique issued here to-day says: "Total Japanese casualties in the five years of war in China number two and a half million, of which 40 per cent were killed and 60 per cent wounded.

Prisoners total 29,924.

Material captured includes 1,981 guns, 8,576 machine-guns, 1,192,420 rifles, and 8,841 tanks and motor vehicles.

The number of Japanese aeroplanes shot down is 2,504.

There are at present immobilised in China thirty infantry divisions, one army corps of cavalry, fifteen regiments of auxiliaries and 1,000 aircraft".

NO NATIONAL GOVT. FOR INDIA!

Amery Rejects Proposal For New Move: Foreign Soldiers Will Be Retained Till Victory Is Achieved, He Declares

LONDON, July 7.

Mr. Leopold Amery, Secretary of State for India, was asked by Labourite, Mr. Stephen Davies, in the Commons today whether "with a view to rendering unnecessary the retention in India of British, American and other troops now there, he will make immediate approaches to leaders of the Indian National Congress in order to establish a National Government in India so that the people shalle be inspired to organise the defence of their own country."

Mr. Amery replied: "No. The forces now in India are indispensable for the safety of India and for victory of the Allied cause and will be retained until victory is achieved."

FOREIGN TROOPS IN INDIA

"New York Times" On Mahatma's 'Climbdown'

NEW YORK, July 7.

"It is good news that Mr. Gandhi has come around to the view that foreign troops are necessary to defend India", says the "New York Times" discussing Mr. Gandhi's proposal to send Ambassadors to show the Axis the futility of War. The paper asks, "of what use are such fine theories in the face of the kind of aggression that has come from Hitler and the Japanese plunderers? Cannot he see what would have happened to China, its land, culture and soul, if they had not resisted?

TASK BEFORE MAHATMA

Three great tasks are waiting to be done in India, and no one is so well equipped as Mr. Gandhi to play a leading part in them. The first is a real agreement between Hindus and Muslims on the fundamentals of Indian statehood; the second is obtaining prompt British ratification of the same; thirdly, to awaken the masses of the people of Asia to the peril of Japanese conquest, and summoning them to fighting in defence of their own lands".—Reuter.

ROMMEL WOUNDED?

CAIRO, July 7.

There is nothing known substantiating a rumour that Rommel has been wounded.—Reuter.

NO AIR COMMAND WITH "AUCK"

Churchill Explains How Co-ordination Between Forces Works Out

LONDON, July 7.

Mr. Churchill replied "No", when asked in the Commons if aircraft allotted to General Auchinleck would be under General Auchinleck's direct command.

Mr. Churchill recalled that he had explained the ruling on this subject on October 7, 1941, when he said that the Army Commander-in-Chief would specify to the Air Officer Commander-in-Chief who would then use his maximum forces for these objectives in the most effective manner.

Mr. Churchill said: "This applies not only to army co-operation squadrons, but to the entire available air force. This direction has been agreeable to both and has been in force ever since."

AIRBORNE TROOPS AND GLIDERS

Mr. Churchill announced that the whole question of airborne troops and the use of gliders and parachute troops is under one organisation and is being studied as a whole.

Replying to questions he intimated that joint training of the army and R.A.F. is proceeding on a considerable scale and is being continually extended.

Aircraft of Army Co-operation Command which is itself being substantially expanded are occupied solely on such training, while bomber and fighter squadrons are regularly used for this purpose. We have tried, he said, to find the proper course between having no aircraft attached to infantry, which would be a misfortune and keeping masses of aircraft standing by for such specialised functions.—Reuter.

Call To Vindicate Congress Stand

MAHATMA EXPOUNDS PLAN OF STRUGGLE BEFORE WORKING COMMITTEE

(From "A. P." And "U. P.")

WARDHAGANJ, July 7.

THE Congress Working Committee adjourned after three hours' sitting this afternoon at Sewagram and will meet again to-morrow morning at Wardha. The afternoon session will be held at Sewagram.

It is understood that at today's meeting Mahatma Gandhi briefly referred to his proposal for the withdrawal of British Power and his views on the subject as interpreted by him from time to time in the columns of the "Harijan."

General discussion then took place and, according to prominent members, "there is complete unanimity of opinion amongst all members."

It is understood that the deliberations of the Committee at its present sittings will be mainly directed at evolving a formula by which Mahatma Gandhi's proposal could be implemented.

The following members and invitees also attended today's meeting: Khan Abdul Gaffarkhan, Mr. Shankarrao Deo, Mr. Asaf Ali, Dr. Syed Mahmud, Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant and Mr. Harikrishna Mehtab.

It is understood Gandhiji emphasised that the time had come when the great national organisation must assert itself and vindicate its stand. The Congress leaders put questions to Gandhiji to elucidate the points raised.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the Congress President, said: "Gandhiji attended our meeting and gave the benefit of his views and advice. I may not be in a position to give out the nature of discussions in the Working Committee till definite decisions have been taken. While discussions last, none can say what the final outcome would be."

It is learnt that the members of the Congress Working Committee have been asked by Gandhiji to state their views regarding the desirability or otherwise of launching the new movement. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and one or two others expressed their opinion to-day and others would have their turns during the next two days.

Probably on Thursday evening a decision will be taken regarding this preliminary issue. Meanwhile, group consultations are proceeding among the members of the Congress Working Committee.

Mahatma's Health

It is stated that Mahatma Ganchi has not been keeping good health and there was a rise in his blood pressure last night. To suit his convenience, the Working Committee members met in his hut in Sevagram.

Earlier to-day, the Committee had another sitting in Wardha where reports received from the various Provinces in regard to the steps takin by them in carrying out the programme of self-protection and self-sufficiency as laid down by the A. I. C. C. in January last and the progress made so far were considered.

It is understood that the Committee also discussed the situation in Tamil Nad with particular reference to the propaganda being carried on by Mr. Rajagopalachari and his supporters. The Working Committee, it is learnt, decided not to take any action in the matter as the Provincial Congress Committees are already dealing with the question

ADMIRAL LEAHY TO RESIGN

WASHINGTON, July 7.

Admiral Leahy, Ambassador of the United States at Vichy, told reporters that he would resign shortly to accept an important new job offered to him by the President.—Reuter.

CENSURE MOTION AGAINST C. R.

MADRAS, July 7.

A resolution expressing want of confidence in the Leader, Mr C. Rajagopalachari, has been tabled by Mr. C. N. Muthuranga Mudaliar, M.L.A. (Madras) for discussion at the forthcoming meeting of the Madras Congress Legislature Party to be held on the 15th instant.—A. P.

WHAT FORCES MAHATMA'S HANDS

JHANSI, July 7.

Pandit Pant, Member of the Congress Working Committee passed through Jansi 'en route' to Wardha to attend the meeting of the Working Committee. Many Congressmen met Pandit Pant at the station.

Questioned by a Press correspondent, the Pandit expressed his inability to say anything about Mahatma Gandhi's proposed movement, but declared that it was expected to attract more attention here and abroad. Asked what were the factors which were forcing Mahatma Gandhi to launch a movement, Pandit Pant said, "As yet, I have not had the privilege to listen to Mahatma Gandhi on this point, but one cause is quite apparent, that is Government's policy.

The arrests of prominent leaders, detention of a score of patriots, and humiliation meted to Indian evacuees are enough to force Mahatma Gandhi's hands. The Mahatma does not want to embarrass the Government, but non-embarrassment should not mean self-effacement. Government have left no choice for us, but to act in self-defence."—A.P.

Grisly Carpet Of Nazis Dead On Way To Don

BERLIN CLAIMS CAPTURE OF VORONEZH

Fierce Air Battles Rage Over Arctic Front

LONDON, July 7.

Fierce air battles are taking place almost daily in the Arctic zone of the Karelian (Finnish) front, a front line report to the Moscow radio said today "Annalist" writes:—"On the Russian front confirmation is lacking of the German claim to the capture of Voronezh."

From Reuter's special correspondent in Moscow:—

A desperate struggle is going on for the mastery of the water-line on the Voronezh front 130 miles east of Kursk.

German infantry are being brought into the battle in large numbers, although tanks are still playing a preponderant role.

The latest dispatches from the front said that the Germans continue to throw in fresh reserves and are making successive attacks in rapid succession.

The "Izvestia's" war correspondent said: "Many thousands of Germans have been destroyed in the past few days and a hundred field guns have been smashed. Nevertheless the enemy still enjoys numerical superiority."

GRISLY CARPET OF NAZI CORPSES

From Reuter's special correspondent:—

A grisly carpet of German corpses from Kursk to Voronezh marks the path of Von Kleist's ten-day advance to the Don river. More German reinforcements of tanks, armoured cars and troops pour along this path ready to cross the river Don if its breadth can be spanned in the face of Russian fire and powerful air attacks. In this all-out attack the Germans are exceeding even the frenzied sacrifice of cannon-fodder of the last war. Believing themselves to be within a stone's-throw of vital strategical success, they are forcing the pace of battle more and more.

The German force attacking violently from the Byelgorod region is thrusting north-east hoping to join forces with the Germans on the Voronezh front, but their way is barred by Russian forces holding the line near Stary Oskol, south-west of the Oskol river.

To-day's midday Soviet 'communique states: "During the night of July 6 our troops fought engagements west of Voronezh and south-west of Stary Oskol. No material changes took place on other sectors of the front."

BATTLE OF THE DON

Intense fighting for a river is reported by the Moscow radio this morning. The front was not specified, but details as given could apply to the river Don, which the Germans claim to have crossed at several points.

The radio said that incessant German attacks were repulsed and that isolated troops, which had succeeded in crossing the river, were accounted for. One Axis infantry was dispersed and partly annihilated.

OUTFLANKING AVERTED

In one sector of the front the Soviet troops withdrew from their positions to new lines of defence. This move removed the danger of outflanking the attack. The Soviet troops are now in more favourable positions.

In the past few days of "fierce and bloody fighting", the Soviet troops have destroyed several hundred German tanks and aircraft. Many thousands of Germans have been killed.

BIG TOLL OF NAZI TANKS AND PLANES

Soviet bombers and "Stormovik" dive-bombers have destroyed 51 German tanks and 80 lorries carrying troops and supplies in the attack near an inhabited locality on the Kursk-Kharkov front, a front-line despatch to the Soviet News Agency stated to-day. In the past two days Soviet aircraft have shot down 36 German planes in this sector alone. In another sector Six Soviet planes cutting into an enemy formation of 18 aircraft shot down five. Others turned tail. The Soviet formation suffered no losses.

LONDON.—"Annalist" writes:—On the Russian front Moscow states that hostile parties having reached and crossed the Don, including one with forty tanks and infantry in support, have been cut off and destroyed. The situation, however, is admitted to be "exceedingly difficult."—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

WAFD PURGE

CAIRO, July 7.

A sharp split in the Egyptian Wafd Party occurred early today when Makram Ebeid Pasha, Secretary-General of the party for the last fifteen years, twice Finance-Minister and until recently the righthand man of Nahas Pasha, Prime Minister, was dismissed.

The reason for his dismissal as given in a statement issued after a long meeting of the Wafd Executive was that he had departed from the principles of the Wafd and accused the party's leader and members of having neglected their duties.

Ragheb Hanna Bey, one of the Party's oldest members was also dismissed. The Executive is meeting again shortly to take action against other members who are alleged to have departed from the Party's principles.—Reuter.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, July 7.

To-day's closing .. 19.45

Difference .. +23

BROACH EXPECTATION

July/August Rs. 216-8.

Surprise Raids In Jubbulpore

JUBBULPORE, July 7.

Acting on information secured by Sergt. Symons (Civil lines) and Inspector Farrar (Cantt Police), Sardar Harnam Singh, Supdt. of City Police, made a surprise raid of several houses and arrested eleven persons on alleged charges of stealing Government property, being in possession of stolen property, hatching conspiracy to steal Government property and being in possession of an unlicensed revolver and 160 rounds of ammunition.

Police got scent of accused's activities and carried simultaneous surprise raids and recovered the alleged stolen property. The suspects have been remanded to custody pending investigation.

President Ineunu In Istanbul

LONDON, July 7.

Paris Radio says that President Ineunu of Turkey has gone to Istanbul for a several days' stay. Before leaving Ankara, he received the Turkish Foreign Minister, M. Sarajoglu and other prominent personalities.—Reuter.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS

are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—Box No. (——) "The Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake overaight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a wholetime Tuitor for an Intermediate Student preferably with Sanskrit Hindi. Opportunity for competent Draftsman Public Speaking Guide and one with aptitude for Commerce correspond immediately "Jaipuria House, 51, Vivekananda Road, Calcutta. 8988

41. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

College of Dentistry Recognized by Sind Government Session begins July 15th. Admission open to Matriculates. For Prospectus apply, Principal, Dr. M. K. Patel, D.D.S., D.M.D., Hospital Road, Karachi. (8753)

Hewett Engineering School, Jagat Narain Road, Lucknow. Recognised by U.P., C.P., Assam, N.-W.F. Prov. & Baluchistan Govts., M.E.S., Railways and 67 States. Applications from Inter & Matric candidates invited for Overseer July 1942 Class. U. P. Govt. award Certificates. Record Results 80%. Highly qualified Staff. Hostel arrangements. Employment facilities. Nine merit scholarships. Free Prospectus from Principal. (8876)

The Civil Engineering School, Lucknow (Government recognised) Candidates for admission to overseer class session July, 1942 to apply now. Examinations conducted and certificates awarded by the U. P. Government. Best results for last two years. Ample employment facilities in P.W.D., Local Boards, M.E.S., Railways, and States in India. Minimum qualification Matriculation with Mathematics. Free prospectus from the Principal. (8410)

62. TO BE LET.

To Let For High Class Vegetarians (Hindu) airy and well-ventilated Rooms, Blocks and shops in Mahamali Building, No. 46-A, Sadashiv Lane, Kandewadi. Reasonable rent. Apply Mehtaji, top floor, same building. (16500)

322. MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale One Complete Cotton Baling Press in perfect working order. For particulars apply Box No. 16497, "Bombay Chronicle."

328. AGENCIES WANTED

Financially sound business house desire Sole Agencies, Sole Representation, Sole Distributorship of any product or commodities in Madras Presidency, Hyderabad State, Central Provinces and Berar. Reply immediately with full particulars, stocks available, prices and samples. The Premier Enterprises, Secunderabad (Dn.) (16498)

241. PROFESSIONAL ADLETS

Send us your favourite Photograph (any size) and we will send you 100 post-card size photographic replicas for Rs. 25, 50 for Rs. 15, 20 for Rs. 7-8. Send no money with order. Photocrafters, 4th floor, Merwan Building, Pherozshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay. 16510

652. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Wholesale consumers in tea who like to buy Tea direct from garden are requested to correspond with S. C. Bagcho & Co., Jalpaiguri (Bengal). (16371)

Why use new wire nails for packing and building when second-hand ones serve same purpose and cost half as much. Buy to-day. Nagree & Co., 50, Old Custom House Road, Bombay. Telephone 30376. (16512)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:

	Per Column inch per insertion
1st Insertion	Rs 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified

B. B. & C. I.

URS (FAIR) OF KHWAJA SAHIB AT AJMER, 1942.

Owing to restricted transport facilities available, the B. B. & C. I. Railway much regret they will be unable to issue tickets this year to passengers intending to travel to AJMER or to adjacent stations for the purpose of visiting the URS (FAIR) OF KHWAJA SAHIB. (8939)

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

SPECIAL NOTICE

ASHADI FAIR—PANDHARPUR

INTENDING VISITORS to Pandharpur during the forthcoming ASHADI FAIR are notified that owing to the heavy pressure of War conditions on the Railway, it is regretted that the Special Transport Facilities or Concessional Fares afforded to Pandharpur pilgrims in previous years over the G. I. P. Railway will not be available this year. However, for their convenience it has now been decided to issue Return tickets for III Class from all Stations on the G.I.P. Railway South of Itarsi, including the City Booking Offices at Bombay, Nasik, Poona, Chalisgaon and feeder lines to Pandharpur and back at the following fares:

Over G. I. P.—Two single fares for the return journey.
Over B. I. Rly.—Rs. 1-2-0 per ticket.

CHILDREN AT HALF FARES.

Tickets will be issued from 15th to 24th July, 1942, (both days inclusive) and will be available for completion of the return journey upto midnight of 30th July, 1942. (9000)

SHREE SAJJAN MILLS, LIMITED, RATLAM

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWELFTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company, will be held on SATURDAY, 25th July, 1942, at 3-30 P. M. (S. T.) at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 28, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet and Profit & Loss Account for the year ended 31st March, 1942.
2. To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.
3. To appoint Directors in place of those who retire by rotation, under Article III but are eligible and offer themselves for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
5. To transact such other business the chairman may bring before the meeting.

The SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from SATURDAY, 18th July, 1942, to SATURDAY, 1st August, 1942, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
For GOPALDAS LILADHAR & CO., LTD.,
MOOLJI DAYAL,
Director.
Managing Agents.

RATLAM,
Dated, 26th June, 1942.

N. B.—The Dividend when sanctioned will be made payable at the Mills premises, Ratlam on and after 3rd August, 1942, between the hours of 11 and 4 P. M. (S. T.) to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register on 17th July, 1942. 8992

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

TENDERS for the supply and erection of a Refrigerating Plant for the Cold Storage Chambers at Arthur Crawford Market including renewal of the insulation in all chambers and provision of new doors as per specification attached to the form of contract will be received upto 1 p. m. (Bombay Time) on FRIDAY, the 11th day of September, 1942.

Tenders should be sent in sealed envelopes superscribed "Tender for a Refrigerating Plant for A. C. Market" addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, with a deposit of Rs. 5,000/-.

Forms of tender, specification etc., will be issued to any one deputed to receive them by the Mechanical Engineer on payment of a fee of Rupees 5/- each set which will, on no account, be refunded.

The Mechanical Engineer will, on application at his office at the Municipal Workshops, Foras Road, Bombay, give any further information that may be required.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

N. V. MODAK,
City Engineer.

Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 30-6-1942. (6997)

Public Notices

Government Of India

3 Per Cent

LOAN

1951-54 (2nd Issue)

Third Defence LOAN

Redeemable at par not earlier than 1951 and not later than 1954.

Subscriptions in CASH, unlimited as to amount, will be received from 8th July, 1942, until further notice.

The issue price from the 8th July, 1942, to the 11th July, 1942, will be Rs. 100-10-8 and thereafter increasing by 8 pies per cent weekly. This weekly increase approximates to the net interest which accrues on the securities.

Copies of the Notification and Application Forms will be available at the offices of the Reserve Bank of India, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi and Madras, at branches of the Imperial Bank of India at other places, and at all Government Treasuries.

(8968)

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

ADDITIONAL MOTIONS to the following effect of which notices have been received will be placed before the ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the CORPORATION called for THURSDAY, the 9th July, 1942, at 3 P. M. (BOMBAY TIME):—

37-38. From Mr. Mancherji E. Joshi—For (37) requesting Government to grant subsidy to landlords called upon to undertake certain A. R. P. measures, etc.; and (38) appreciating the services of His Majesty's Fighting Forces for the rescue of the casualties in the recent house collapse at the Church Gate Reclamation.

39. From Dr. G. R. A. Sheikh—For obtaining the Commissioner's report as to the measures to be taken to render prompt rescue work in cases of house collapse in future.

40. From Dr. Poonsey H. Meisheri—For obtaining the Commissioner's report as to the measures to be taken to render the Rescue and Demolition services more efficient.

41-42. From Mr. Asoka R. Mehta, seconded by Mr. P. K. Savant—For (41) requesting Government to undertake legislation for an amendment of the Shops and Establishments Act in certain respects; and (42) appointing additional Inspectors in the Shops and Establishments Section for exercising effective control over the large number of shops, etc.

43. From Mr. S. L. Sham, seconded by Mr. P. K. Savant—For naming Worli Road as Anandilal Podar Road.

44. From Mr. N. S. Kajrolkar, seconded by Mr. P. K. Savant—For requesting Government to alter the timings of Government Grain Shops in the City so as to suit the convenience of the working class people.

By Order of His Worship the Mayor,
B. V. MODY,
Ag. Municipal Secretary.

Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 7th July, 1942. 8995

THE FOURTH INDIAN MONTESSORI TRAINING COURSE

Under the auspices of the ASSOCIATION MONTESSORI INTERNATIONALE, Dr. MARIA MONTESSORI will hold a Fourth Indian Training Course in the Primary Section of her Method at Kodaikanal, commencing early in August. Intending students should apply early.

Application forms and further particulars can be obtained from:

THE SECRETARY,
The Fourth Indian Montessori Training Course,
Adyar, MADRAS. (8958)

B. B. C. I.

NOTICE

ON AND from 10th July, the Bombay Central Parcel Office will be open for Booking of parcels from 7 a. m. to 3 p. m. and for the delivery of parcels from 11 a. m. to 5 p. m. 8937

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE

THE PUBLIC ARE WARNED that some Hawkers have been found to be offering for sale adulterated Ghee and Butter as genuine stuff from door to door in the City. They are therefore warned to exercise due care before purchasing Ghee or Butter from unknown itinerant hawkers.

B. C. DASGUPTA,
Executive Health Officer,
Bombay Municipality. 8989

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS on prescribed forms are invited from British subjects (including subjects of Indian States) for the following posts in the Office of the Indian Listener, All-India Radio:—

(a) ASSISTANT EDITOR (300-15-450 p. m.)
(b) SUB-EDITOR (150-10-300 p.m.)
(c) REVISER (150 p. m.)

QUALIFICATIONS.

(a) Assistant Editor:—Candidates must have experience of magazine lay-out, selection of pictures for blocks, and sub-editing. They must be capable of producing original "copy", articles, short notes, etc., in irreproachable English and attractive style. Candidates will be expected to be acquainted with modern typography, process work, etc. Knowledge of Hindi and Urdu desirable. Good academic record. Age 25-40 years.

(b) Sub-Editor: — Candidates must be experienced, quick and accurate sub-editors with a thorough knowledge of English. They should know and have experience of magazine make-up, typography and proof reading. Age preferably under 30 years.

(c) Reviser:—Candidates must possess at least three years' experience as head proof-readers with a reputable press, and should be familiar with modern typographical styles. They must be strong in English, Urdu and Hindi. Wide general knowledge, and quickness at spotting errors in proofs without the aid of "copy" essential.

Applications should be accompanied by a treasury receipt of Rs. 5/- in the case of Assistant Editor, and Rs. 3/- in the case of Sub Editor or Reviser, and should reach the undersigned not later than the 15th August, 1942. Application forms can be obtained free of charge from:—

THE CONTROLLER OF BROADCASTING,
5, Sikandra Road,
NEW DELHI.

When asking for forms candidates should specify the post for which they intend to apply. (8969)

Public Notices

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for Apprentice Draftsmen for the Engineering Department. Period of training one year. Salary Rs. 50 per month plus local allowance if stationed in Bombay.

Minimum qualifications, passed Matriculation. Preference will be given to candidates holding technical, and drawing office, qualifications.

Age, not less than 18 years, or more than 25 years.

Applications, with copies of testimonials, should reach the Chief Engineer, B. B. & C. I. Railway, Churchgate, Bombay, on Monday, 27th July 8995

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that DIWAKAR MAHESHWAR WASUDEO, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 101, Mahatma Gandhi Road, (Esplanade Road), Fort, Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any will be considered as waived.

THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of Pension and Tax Land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Khateralli Lane, in the Registration Sub District of Bombay and in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 116 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 140 Part, New Nos. 1234 and 1234 (Part), New Survey No. 7566 (Part), Cadastral Survey No. Part of 378 of Girgaum Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "9 D" Ward No. 1004 and Street No. 60 and bounded as follows: That is to say, on or towards the East by the Khatteralli Lane, on or towards the West by the property of Ebrahim Haji Jitekar, on or towards the North by the other property of the Vendor and on or towards the South by the property of Narayanrao Balabhao Sao, and which said premises were formerly and are now occupied by the tenants of the Vendor

Dated this 7th day of July, 1942.

KHUNDERAO LAUD & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys. (9001)

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. FRAMROZE HORMUSJI GHADIALLY has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property.

ALL persons having any claim interest or demand whatsoever against in or upon the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust inheritance, share, possession, lease, incumbrances, lien, charge, maintenance, easement, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to give notice thereof in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 24-26, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, failing which the said sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim interest or demand howsoever and the same, if any, will be treated and considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece of leasehold land known as Plot No. 102 in Block No. II of the Back Bay Reclamation Estate of the Government of Bombay, within the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1,289 square yards or thereabouts together with the messuages tenements and buildings standing thereon and known as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the East by the Queen's Road, on or towards the West by Plot No. 115 of the same Estate, on or towards the North by Plot No. 101 of the same Estate and on or towards the South by Plot No. 103 of the same Estate, and which said piece of land is registered in the Books of the Collector of Bombay under Rent Roll No. 10005 and bears Cadastral Survey No. 1536 of the Fort Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under 1(A), Ward No. 1315 (19) and Street No. 126.

Dated this 7th day of July, 1942.

VAKIL DADABHOY & BHARUCHA,
Purchaser's Attorneys. (8994)

Legal Notices

NOTICE

Re: Estate of NADIR DINSHAW DALLAS. Deceased

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the estate of the abovenamed NADIR DINSHAW DALLAS, late of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant deceased, who died at Bombay, on or about the 13th day of December, 1941 and the Probate of whose Will having effect throughout the Province of Bombay was granted on the 2nd day of April, 1942 to Dady Rustomjee Dadabhoy Banaji and Ardeshir Framji Sunavala, the Executors named in the Will, are hereby required to send in their claims to the said Executors at the Office of the undersigned attorneys for the Executors at Jehangir Wadia Building, 51, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within one calendar month from the date hereof, at the expiration of which time the said Executors will hand over the assets to the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice.

AND ALSO TAKE NOTICE that all persons indebted to or holding any securities or property belonging to the said deceased are hereby required forthwith to pay the amounts owing by them and/or to deliver up the said securities or the property as the case may be to the said Executors at the Office of the said Attorneys at their address aforesaid.

Dated this 8th day of July, 1942.

SMETHAM BYRNE & LAMBERT.
Attorneys for the Executors. 8993

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that LALCHAND MULCHAND, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell to our clients the property hereinbelow described. All persons having any right, title, interest, claim or demand in to upon or in respect of the said property by way of Sale, gift, transfer, trust, mortgage, exchange, lease, lien, charge, possession, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to intimate in writing to the undersigned at 77, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to all unnotified claims and the same, if any, will be considered as relinquished and waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of land or ground situate at Sewri-Wadala (North) Estate of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay and bearing Plot No. 37 of Scheme No. 57 of the said Corporation together with the buildings and structures standing thereon and admeasuring 734 Sq. Yards or thereabouts and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 595 of Matunga Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward 16 F No 5236(1) 5237 and Street Nos. 2477A, 2478 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the West by 50 feet proposed Road, on or towards the North by Plot No. 36 of the said scheme, on or towards the East by Plot No 58 of the said scheme and on or towards the South by Plot No. 38 of the said scheme.

Dated this 7th day of July, 1942.

SHASTRI & CO.,
Purchasers Attorneys. (8996)

Auction Sales

SALE OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT RIPON ROAD (in Sari Bazaar Lane, opposite the Mahanpura Mosque).

On THURSDAY, the 16th July 1942, at 4-30 p. m. at the premises of the property.

By order of Messrs. Mahimtura & Co., Attorneys for Vastimul Khoobaji the Transferee of the Mortgage and on account and at the risk of Valibhai Mohomedbhai, the Mortgagor and in exercise of the Power of sale reserved to the Transferee under the Indenture of Mortgage dated 20th August 1936, second Mortgage, dated 28th August, 1937, and Transfer of Mortgage dated 16th August, 1939.

All that piece of leasehold land renewal perpetually every 99 years on the same terms and conditions and at the same rent of Rs. 138/- yearly with the messuage or dwelling house thereon situated in the Ripon Road in Bombay containing by admeasurement about 351 Square Yards and registered under New Survey No. 13533 Cadastral Survey No. 1738 of Byculla Division and bearing New Street No 175 D.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. Mahimtura & Co., 66, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay or the undersigned:—

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

CRAWFORD & CO.

BRITISH MANUFACTURERS SAMPLES FOR SALE

Cardigans, Pullovers, Golf Hose Socks, Bathing Trunks and Costumes, Shirts, Sleeping Suits Belts Ladies Stockings Sport Shirts, Infants Bootees, Hoods Jackets Knitting wool, Budberries Tropical Suitings cut pieces 3 1/2 yds. for suit etc.

ALL MUCH BELOW PRESENT RATES.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.
122, Apollo Street, Fort.

28th WEEK!
BOMBAY TALKIES'
JHOOLA
Daily: 2-15, 5-45, 9 p.m.
ROXY

Who Is Having To-night NON-STOP
40th NIGHT
IN OUR CITY OF BOMBAY?
Of course, the most popular Genuine Comedy-Hit
"Duniya-Ek-Tamasha"
दुनिया एक तमाशा
(THE WORLD'S A PLAY)
WITH
SARDAR AKHTAR
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
NOVELTY

ZANANA SHOW
To-morrow at 1 p.m.
Rai Saheb
A Chhotubhai Desai Production.
8TH WEEK
LAMINGTON
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

NEW EMPIRE
4, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.

A Merry Melange of Fun & Thrills!
ARTISTS COMBINE'S ACTION-PACKED ROMANCE
JAWANI-KI-PUKAR
Starring
URMILA, KALYANI, D. BILLIMORIA and others
DRAWING CROWDS AT
SUPER
Daily: 4-15, 7, 9-45 p.m.

Her Story is Sublime
Her Aim is Noble
LEELA DESAI
in
TAMANNA
LAXMI PRODUCTION'S
First Hit
Starring
JAIRAJ, JAGDISH, K. C. DEY and others
3RD BIG WEEK
OPERA HOUSE
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

WAKE UP YOUR LIVER BILE—

Without Calomel—And You'll Jump Out of Bed Full of Vim and Vigour.

Your liver should pour out two pints of liquid bile into your bowels daily. If this bile is not flowing freely, your food doesn't digest. It just decays in the bowels. Gas bloats up your stomach. You get constipated. Your whole system is poisoned and you feel sour, sunk and the world looks punk.

A mere bowel movement doesn't get at the cause. It takes those famous Carter's Little Liver Pills to get these two pints of bile flowing freely and make you feel "up and up". Harmless, gentle, yet amazing in making bile flow freely. Look for the name Carter's Little Liver Pills on the red package. Refuse anything else.

Manufacturers of:—
A. R. P. BRASS STIRRUP PUMPS
and
STEEL HELMETS
SHANK AND COMPANY,
Chandni Chowk,
Delhi.

5th and Last Week

TO-DAY AND FRIDAY
ZENANA SHOWS 12-30

Vijay

with
DURGA KHOTE
HARISH, HUSN BANU
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
SWASTIK
Tele.: 41561

9th Swinging Week
PRAKASH PICTURES'
Great Musical
Station Master
with
PREM ADIB, RATNAMALA,
JAGDISH, UMAKANT
Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Sat. Sun. 12-45 p.m.
MINERVA
EVERGREEN RELEASE

BROADWAY
(DADAR)
Daily: 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
Amar's Masterpiece
KHILAUNA
SNEHAPRABHA, PRABHA, JAIRAJ, SATISH and others
The Film for the whole family
DON'T MISS IT

CITY LIGHT
(Cinema Magnificent)
LADY JAMSHEDJI ROAD
Daily: 4, 6-45 and 9-30 p.m.
LAST 3 DAYS
KHAZANCHI
FROM SATURDAY 11TH
MINERVA'S
Mammoth Production
PUKAR
CHANDRAMOHAN, NASEEM,
SORAB MODI, SARDAR
AKHTAR

7th Week! Hear CHANDRAVATI SING A Lovely Song! in this GREAT SAGA OF A FAMILY!
'SAUGAND'
BHARATI
PAHARI
ASHIT-BARAN
KRISHNA
Daily: 3, 6-15, & 9-30 p.m.

TO-DAY SPECIAL SHOW FOR LADIES:
Time: 11-30 a. m. (HINDI)
Goddess Sita's Monumental Address To The Women Of All Races & Creeds.
PRAKASH'S
BHARAT MILAP
(Hindi)
TO-MORROW SPECIAL SHOW FOR LADIES: (11-30 A. M. Marathi)
Daily: 2-45, 6 (Hindi)
9 p. m. (Marathi)
IN 23RD WEEK
MAJESTIC
AN EVERGREEN RELEASE

SPRING—FLOWER
Smiling!
Dancing!
MUMTAZ SHANTI
Co-starred with
ULLHAS
IN
BOMBAY TALKIES'
BASANT
It's warm as the spring!
with
MUMTAZ ALI, PRAMILA, SURESH, PITHAWALA, JAGANNATH
Coming to the
MAJESTIC

Nation Needs It!

It is the mother whose hand rocks the cradle and makes the nation!

Our nation needs mothers and pictures that vividly portray mother's love!

KIRTI'S WORSHIPFUL OFFERING TO
MOTHER INDIA

MRS. LILAVATI MUNSHI

MATA
—Director—
GUNJAL
—Story—
MOHANLAL DAVE
—Cast—
SHOBHANA SAMARTH, CHANDRAKANT, MOTI, Mubarak, Urmila Devi, Bhudo Advani, etc.,

ALL-INDIA PREMIERE
ON SAT. 11th JULY, 1942.
Under the distinguished presidency of
Mrs. Lilavati Munshi
AT THE SWASTIK PATHE CINEMA
The Theatre par excellence
AN ADVANCE FILM EXCHANGE RELEASE

CREATING BOX-OFFICE HISTORY IN THE NORTH!

ACHARYA ART PRODUCTIONS'
Musicomedy!
'KUNWARA BAP'
WHERE?.....WHEN?
(A BHARAT Pictures, Ltd., Release)

Like History itself Box-office-History has been repeated. The Excellent reception accorded to Producer N. R. ACHARYA'S musicomedy—"KUNWARA-BAP" in the North, makes the director of "Kangan", "Bandhan" & "Naya-Sansar", screen's greatest Entertainer!

You don't have to wait long for it!....

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS To-day

Hindu: Jeth Vad 10, 1998
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akhar 23, 1361
Parsi: Behman 7, 1311
Sunrise: 6-8 a.m. Sunset: 7-18 p.m.
Hightide: 9-04, 20-23. Lowtide: 2-12, 14-44

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

REGAL—"Ride 'em Cowboy" 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Ball of Fire" 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
METRO—"Johnny Eager" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
CAPITOL—"That Night in Rio" 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Texas" 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
NOVELTY—"Duniya-Ek-Tamasha" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
BROADWAY—"Khilauna" 4-45, 7 and 10 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Andhi" 4-30 7-15 and 10 p.m
NEW WEST-END—"Khandaan" 3, 6 and 9
CITY LIGHT—"Khazanchi" 4, 6-45 and 9-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Saugand" 3 6-15 and 9-30 p.m
PARADISE—"No, No Nanette" 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Jungle Princess" 4, 6-30 and 10
CHITRA—"Doctor" 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
PALACE—"Hold Back The Dawn" 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
HIND MATA—"Apna Ghar" 4-15, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
AURORA—"Tarzan's Secret Treasure" 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
SWASTIK—"Vijay" 3-30 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Rai Saheb" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Station Master" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Bharat Milap" 3, 6 and 9
SUPER—"Jawani-ki-Pukar" 4-15, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Pahila Palna" 3-30, 6-15 and 9 p.m.
PLAZA—"Lagna Pahave Karoon" 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Tamanna" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Ankh-Michowli" 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Jhoola" 2-15, 5-45 and 9 p.m.

FRIENDS OF SOVIET UNION: There will be a fraternal meeting of members today (Wednesday) at 8-30 p.m. at the Girgaon Office of the Society, Stone Building.

SAFETY FIRST ASSOCIATION OF INDIA (B. P. BRANCH): Tenth annual general meeting will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. in the Conference Hall, Electric House, Fort.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION: The Chief Superintendent, Central Telegraph Office, Calcutta, informs that telegrams for Bombay, Agra, New Delhi, Lahore and adjacent areas are subject to serious delay due to disturbances and pressure.

BOMBAY PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY: The annual business meeting of the Society will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 5 p.m. At 6 p.m. Rev. M. Sola, S.J., will read a paper, "The Drift of Modern Philosophy". Rev. Dr. J. McKenzie will preside.

HINDI EXAMINATIONS: Hindi Examinations of Bombay Hindi Vidyapeeth will be held on 20-9-42. Examination forms which can be had free of charge in the office of Vidyapeeth, Marwadi Vidyalaya Bhavan, Sandhurst Road, Bombay 4 or Hindi Pustak Bhandar, Hira Baug, Bombay 4, should be submitted duly filled in on or before 20-8-42.

NATIONAL LIBRARY, BANDRA: The annual general meeting of the National Library, Bandra, will be held on Sunday, the 12th instant at 9-30 a.m. to give effect to New Rules passed last year, to elect new Managing Committee for the year 1942-43, etc.

FIRST WOMAN VICE-CHANCELLOR

Mrs. Sharda Mehta, who has been elected Vice-Chancellor of N. D. T. Indian Women's University.

SARDAR PRITHVISINGH FOR KAIRA: The Students' Federation has planned a propaganda tour for Sardar Prithvisingh. In the course of that tour he will preside over the Kaira District Students' Conference to be held at Nadiad on the 10th and 12th instant. The other items in the tour programme are: 10th July Surat, 13th July Baroda, 14th July, Ahmedabad, 15th to 25th July Kathiawar.

FIRST-AID LECTURES: "Haemorrhage and the Technique of Applying Pressure 110 on Main Arteries" will be the subject of a lecture by Mr. Burjor J. Shroff, organized under the Servants of Humanity Centre, St. John Ambulance Association, tomorrow (Thursday) at 9 a.m. at Adenwalla Baug, Tardeo Road.

BILLAWAR ASSOCIATION: The following members have been elected as office-bearers of the Association for the year 1942-43: Messrs. B. P. Kooluker, President; B. S. Amin, Vice-president; Krishnappa D. Mulky, Hon. Gen. Secretary; Y. G. Bangera, Asstt. Secretary; H. Sheena Pujary and R. J. Matti, Jt. Hon. Treasurers; M. Kuppaya, Hon. Librarian and K. K. Suvarna, Asstt. Librarian.

'C' WARD P.V.B.-A.R.P. CLASS: An A. R. P. training class of 'C' Ward P.V.B. is being conducted in Gujarati at Rughnath Laiji Lohana Niwas, Shanker Bari Lane, Cheera Bazaar, from Tuesday, the 7th instant from 9 to 10 p.m. (S.T.) in 'C' Ward.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: A public study class on "Devachan" from the Ocean of Theosophy by W. Q. Judge, will be held to-day (Wednesday) at Jehangir Wadia Building, opposite Flora Fountain.

INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER: The Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber have appointed Mr. J. C. Setalvad, President of the Chamber, as their representative on the Joint Civil Defence Committee, constituted by the Government of Bombay.

MUNICIPAL WORKERS' UNION: A monthly meeting of the Managing Committee of the Municipal Workers' Union will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 7 p.m. (S.T.) at the head office of the Union, at Foras Road B. I. T. Chawl No. 11, Room No. 1, to consider some important questions.

SAMASTA MUMBAI GUMASTA MANDAL: A public meeting of the workers of Hair Cutting Saloons will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 9-30 p.m. at Handrie Hair Cutting Saloon opposite Matunga (G. I. P.) D. C. Chauhan will preside

Miss Yadgar Noshirwan Munshi has recently passed successfully the Trinity College of Music Examination (F.T.C.L.). She was the recipient of the Bhikaiji Limjibhoy Pa'amkote Prizes of £16 and a Gold Medal for 1940 for Fellowship in Pianoforte playing at the age of 20. Miss Munshi is at present a music teacher in Hyderabad.

ON THE AIR

WEDNESDAY, JULY 8.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)
5 p.m. Vilayat Husain. 5-15 Afzal Husain. 5-22 Irshad Ali. 5-30 Benazirbai. 6-30 For women. 7-15 I lost my reason. 7-30 R. R. Chowdhury. 7-45 Alap Puria on Surbahar. 8 Hirabai Barodekar. 8-15 For villagers only. 9-50 Irshad Ali. 10 R. R. Chowdhury. 10-15 Vilayat Husain. 10-30 Benazirbai.

Bombay I—Programme.

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
7-30 a.m. Swami Vallabhdas. 7-50 News in Hindustani. 8 News in English. 8-10 Ghulam Rasool. 8-25 Gulabbai. 8-40 Hamidi recital. 8-50 News in Marathi. 9 News in Gujarati. 9-10 K. H. Wakankar. 12-30 p.m. Bhavgeeta. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Light selection. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch hour music. 4-20 School broadcast. 5 To-morrow. 5-5 G. G. Kharadkar. 5-25 Hamid Husain. 5-40 News in Marathi. 5-45 News in Gujarati. 5-50 N. L. Ranade. 6 News in English. 6-10 Counter-attack. 6-15 News in Hindustani. 6-25 Local news and announcements. 6-30 Ghulam Rasool. 6-45 K. H. Wakankar 7 Rebirth of China, 1. 7-15 Swami Vallabhdas. 7-45 News commentary. 7-50 Air Orchestra. 8 Ghulam Rasool. 8-10 News in Marathi. 8-20 News in Gujarati. 8-30 The voice of America. 8-45 War review. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News commentary in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 Listening post. 9-50 War review. 10 Gulabbai. 10-10 Ghulam Rasool. 10-20 N. L. Ranade. 10-30 K. H. Wakankar.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)
7-30 to 7-50 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 7-50 Swami Vallabhdas. 8 Violin recital. 8-10 to 8-50 As in Bombay 1. 8-50 Tarana. 9 Geet. 9-10 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1.
12-30 to 2-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1.
4-20 to 7-15 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.
61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)
7-30 p.m. Commercial news. 7-45 to 8-10 As in Bombay 1. 8-10 Gulabbai. 8-30 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Swami Vallabhdas. 9-30 Columbia Broadcasting Symphony Orchestra. 9-45 Chamber music.

Breaches On B. B. And C. I. Main Lines

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Publicity Officer, B. B. & C. I. Rly. writes:—

The B. B. & C. I. Railway main lines were breached last night between Kim and Kosamba which lie between Surat and Broach.

The Frontier Mails were diverted by the G.I.P. Railway and the Gujarat and Kathiawar Mails were held back.

It is hoped to restore single line working by this evening. Transhipment of passengers was found to be impossible. Through communication will be restored at 13 hours to-day.

TO-DAY'S FOOTBALL AT PAREL: The following matches will be played this evening (Wednesday) on the St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel. At 5 p.m. Greek Blue Birds will meet the 1016 Docks Operating Co. R.E., and at 6 p.m. City Police will meet the St. Xavier's College 'A'.

AN APPEAL TO ART STUDENTS.

Mrs. Doris Gerard appealing to the staff and students of Sir J. J. School of Arts, Bombay, last week to join her in giving their mite to help the poor workers and their relations who were buried under a mountain of debris on the Reclamation said, "You are all artists, sensitive and quick to feel, so there should be no need for me to paint a picture in words of what these poor people are suffering apart from the physical agony they are enduring, there is also the mental anguish—the loss of their loved ones—and the horror of lost limbs which compel these once healthy men and women to become beggars, unless you and I and other citizens come forward to help them in their hour of need."

DELAY IN FINDINGS OF B.E.S.T. DISPUTE, DEPLORED: The B.E.S.T. Traffic Union has passed the following resolution: "This meeting of the Executive Committee of the B.E.S.T. Traffic Union, expresses keen disappointment and regret at the undue delay made by the Government of Bombay in publishing the award of the Hon. Justice Sir Robert Broomfield, the Learned Adjudicator, in the B.E.S.T. Traffic dispute, which has caused serious impatience and discontent among the Employees of the B.E.S. & T. Co. who had voluntarily called off their strike, in order that their grievances under which they were grownling, would be peacefully settled under the Adjudication. The Executive Committee urges upon the attention of the Government of Bombay that in the interest of peace among workers the award should be released forthwith."

LATE MR. J. J. ATHAIDE: At the Mazagaon Police Court, on Tuesday, a reference was made to the late Mr. J. J. Athaide, Advocate, who had been practising in the local Police Courts for the last 22 years and expired on Monday.

Mr. M. A. F. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate, as also Mr. I. S. Haji and Mr. V. K. Muranjan were present at the reference. Mr. Coelho referred to the career of Mr. Athaide at the Bar. Mr. D. K. Billimoria on behalf of the Bar associated himself with the sentiments expressed by the Magistrate.

BANK OF BARODA, LTD.: The profit of the Bank of Baroda, Ltd. for the half-year ended 30th June, 1942, subject to audit, including Rs. 1,57,207-1-0 brought forward, amounts to Rs. 5,57,041-3-10. The Directors have resolved to declare an Ad-Interim dividend at the rate of 10 per cent per annum free of Income-Tax, on the Paid-up Capital, which will absorb Rs. 3,00,000 and to carry forward the balance of Rs. 2,57,041-3-10 to the next account.

what a welcome they will get!

HUNTLEY & PALMERS BISCUITS
READING · ENGLAND ESTABLISHED 1826

A RAINY DAY . . .

One by one, the rupees pile up. The careful man saves to provide for a rainy day. He doesn't take chances with his future.

Nor must you take chances with your health. At the first appearance of a cough, whatever its origin, take *Glycodin Terp Vasaka*. Acting with double vigour, it attacks the source of infection, wherever it may be-throat, larynx, bronchi or lungs,—and banishes cough completely.

Always keep a bottle in the home.

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The Bombay Chronicle

CHINA AND HER ALLIES

China has celebrated now five anniversaries of her epic resistance to Japan's cynical brutality. For more than four of these five years she has stood against Japan's cold-blooded mechanised might alone while others watched, some with indifference, and not a few with calculated unfriendliness which was described with nauseating hypocrisy as "realism". All these years China has suffered terrible sorrow and misery racked by bombs and shells and tortured by the bestial atrocities of the invader upon a great part of her land which were soon torn from her so ruthlessly. She stood alone, we repeat; but she stood defiant and unconquerable. It is due in no small measure to the inspiring and undaunted leadership of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek and his equally gallant wife that the peace-loving philosophical people of China rose in a united mass and recking nothing, literally nothing, converted what their enemy hoped would be a brief and easy "incident" into a five year saga of patriotic self-sacrificing defiance. History and the world, which owe so much to China already, are now being further enriched by the new spirit of China.

All these years China has suffered but fought on with a gallantry that did compel unwilling and embarrassed admiration of the democratic world. Now, however, the situation has been changed by Japanese aggression against the U. S. A. and the British Empire And for the first time in five years China is receiving glowing tributes for her heroism from the highest in these lands. All the eloquence of President Roosevelt and Mr. Churchill is no more than well deserved. China is entitled to it both because she showed the rest of the world the path of honour as against that of ignoble and disastrous expediency and because she has been fighting during every single day of the last five years the battle of humanity and of those who coolly betrayed her at Geneva, for example. But this very fact, now loudly recognised by all, entitles her to much more than ringing verbosity. Today also China is fighting the battle of her Allies alone. She is bearing the full brunt of the might of the common enemy. What are these Allies going to do to discharge their obligations which have piled up from year to year? The great leader of China does not ask for much. With the sympathetic appreciation of difficulties, which others might well emulate, he offers to "bear the burden of the main battle on the eastern continent." He and his heroic people will prove as, indeed, they already have proved "worthy of their gallant Allies." But it is their "gallant Allies" who have yet to prove worthy of China and her people.

Economic Imperialism

Indian public opinion has been crying itself hoarse in protest against the activities of the United Kingdom Commercial Corporation in this country. There is no doubt that these activities constitute a serious menace to India's trade, both internal and external. We are not surprised at the dubitation of the Government of India in coming forward with a clear exposition of their relations with the Corporation's functions here. When, last year, the Corporation quietly slipped in through the back-door, nobody in this country clearly perceived its potentialities. No doubt a few voices were raised in Calcutta where the thin end of the wedge was first introduced. For instance, Mr. Abdur Rahman Siddiqui, presiding over the annual meeting of the Muslim Chamber of Commerce in March last, said: "The establishment of the United Kingdom Commercial Corporation under the aegis of the Exchequer in London, ostensibly to supply the requirements of neutral countries, may have been dictated by exigencies of the political situation but the opening of its agencies in India, and their working under a privileged status, did affect the interests of established firms adversely." But such voices of protest were feeble and soon died down. Then in a quiet and congenial atmosphere the Corporation set to work. To-day it has the shape and form of a full-fledged imperialistic organisation working in the realm of commerce. Is it the purpose of the Corporation to renovate the tottering edifice of that imperialistic structure, which the Corporation's ancestor body, known in history as the East India Company, so adroitly and ruthlessly built up?

The Corporation is a Treasury concern of the British Government. It has spread its tentacles in all countries with which trade in the present circumstances is possible for the Allies, notably the Middle East and Near East, Russia and South American countries. That the Corporation is a Treasury concern is significant in that it bears with it the enormous resources of a rich Government. This prestige is a guarantee of the availability of unlimited resources for the Corporation to enter into large-scale contracts for extensive trade. It also follows that the British Ministry of Food, the Ministry of War Transport and other Ministries are at its back and, consequently, nobody need be surprised if New Delhi has bestowed its patronage on it. The Ministry of Transport has recently appointed various representatives in different parts of the country and between them and the Ministry of Shipping in England, sufficient shipping space and priority in the allocation of goods will lie at the disposal of the Corporation. It is also said that the moral, if not the direct, support of the Supply Department of the Government of India is also there to ensure the availability for the Corporation of various commodities at fairly cheap prices. Thus, it would seem that the Corporation has already been able to establish a sort of monopoly in the matter of exporting from India a number of commodities, such as wheat, sugar, rice, hide and skins, fat, etc. with a huge margin of profit. To illustrate the latter point we need only cite here one report which says that while this body buys its sugar in India at only Rs. 12|- per maund, in Iran and Iraq it sells it at nealry Rs. 37|- per maund.

We find an attempt in certain quarters to create an impression that the Indian public should really welcome this Corporation as a boon to India for the maintenance of her export trade with Rusia. If that is so, we may ask: Are the Government of India so helpless as to have to import a Corporation from Britain in order to look after Indian foreign trade? If what is needed is a powerful organisation with the support and patronage of a mighty Government, then, we ask, why do not the Government of India themselves organise a Treasury concern on the lines of this Corporation? We refuse to believe that the establishment of this Corporation, with its ramifications far and wide, is innocuous to India as some would have us believe. We also refuse to concede that the maintenance of overseas trade necessitates the importation of the Corporation into this countries. If Britain had concentrated more on the prosecution of the war than on the development of her post-war export trade, we have no doubt the course of the war would have been very much different from what it has been. From the way British politicians and industrialists talk and behave, it would seem that a very unhealthy emphasis is being laid on the trade problems of the world after the war. We doubt the wisdom behind this emphasis which, in our opinion, is like putting the cart before the horse. It amazes us that while Britain needs all the sterling resources she can command and very much more, Treasury concerns like the United Kingdom Commercial Corporation are being established on an extensive scale and are spread out in the different parts of the globe. However, we recognise it is not for us to criticise Britain for what she does with her financial resources but we must certainly deprecate the insouciant attitude of our own Government towards all these ominous activities of alien concerns on our soil. Is it not extremely deplorable that, in spite of strong and insistent criticism in the Press and by the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry, not to speak of the various other commercial bodies and prominent industrialists, the Government of India should still persevere in their sealed-lip attitude in regard to a matter that vitally affects Indian commercial life?

Frankly Speaking

Somewhat Better

By Monday last almost a week had passed since, to borrow Mr. Churchill's phrase, Field Marshal Rommel presented himself before British positions around El Alamein. Here he met with something of a surprise, for the Eighth Army under General Auchinleck stood up and started fighting back. Rommel had not expected this resistance; the fact is amply proved by the German Command's confident assertion on Wednesday last that he had smashed the El Alamein positions and was pursuing the remnants of the Eighth Army towards the Nile Valley. The Eighth Army has remained where it was, offering, moreover, not passive but active resistance. Its halted Rommel for so many precious days is no mean achievement on the part of Auchinleck. But it does not mean that the situation has been retrieved. And we are glad to note that war correspondents have been sufficiently sobered by past knocks to utter warnings against optimism. Rommel is not only not beaten; he still remains dangerously strong. And with his concentrations south-west of El Alamein he may yet attempt a big drive eastwards. The situation continues to be serious but there is no doubt that it has improved, thanks to the reinforcements that reached Auchinleck over a week ago and thanks particularly to the great work of Allied aircraft. A new and welcome development is the official announcement that American tanks manned by American crews have now got into action. Their value, of course, depends upon the strength of this contingent. Meanwhile, it is reasonable to hope that the precious six days have enabled Auchinleck to bring to the front appreciable reinforcements in men and material.

Good Work

It looks as though the Japanese are going to rue their Aleutian adventure sooner than has been expected. The move was certainly a daring one, but it was also rash and it is not impossible that we in a few days of its "success" they had begun to regret it because of the damage inflicted by U. S. bombers on their naval units and transports. They, however, held on, as they had to do, to the western tip of the archipelago. This is proving costly and painfully costly in view of the heavy naval and mercantile losses that Japan has already suffered. The other day U.S. bombers damaged a number of transports. Now comes the news that U. S. submarines have also arrived on the scene and marked their intervention with the destruction of no fewer than four Japanese destroyers. Japan can ill-afford such losses and particularly off the Aleutians, where four destroyers might very well represent half the troyer strength in the area. Japan must be facing a dilemma she does not reinforce the fleet off the Aleutians American bombers and submarines will have h transports and supply vessels at their mercy and, eventually, troops, too. If she does, she risks further serious losses. The adventure has become a veritable running sore.

Wanted Better Price Control

While Government are talking complacently of their effective measures to keep down prices and ensure adequate supplies of necessaries of life in the city, prices of several necessaries are actually leaping up at an alarming rate and certain articles are not available in requisite quantities even at the high prices. The position has become unendurable since Government restricted sales in their grain shops a few days ago. They have fixed maximum quantities to be sold to any one person at a time. But the shops, not being bound to supply any minimum quantities, sell too small quantities and sometimes cannot supply any quantities of certain articles supposed to be available there. Government should take the question of supplies more seriously. First and foremost they should ensure adequate supplies of all necessaries of life. Else mere control of prices and stocks is sure to break down. Secondly, Government shops should be better stocked and should supply kerosene oil in addition to food stuffs and reasonable minimum quantities must be sold to every person for a specified period. Government should realise the difficulties of keeping up the morale of the people when even necessaries of life are not available to them.

An Objectionable Passage

A correspondent writes:—

A book "Britain and Her Neighbours" published by Blackie and Sons (India), Limited, is being taught as a text-book to boys and girls in some of the English schools in Bombay. This book contains an objectionable passage about Prophet Mohammed. In Book Three of this book in the chapter on "Story of Mohammed" it is stated:

"At Medina he (Prophet Mohammed), *resolved to spread his new religion by the power of the sword and, collecting a large army about him, he went to and fro making war on all who would not join his standard. He attacked cities and caravans on the road,* until, at last, after some years, Mecca itself fell into his hands.

Mohammed believed that he was sent to teach a more perfect faith than the Jewish and Christain religions and that he *ought to force it upon the whole world.* (Italics are mine.)"

The words italicized are both historically untrue and a libel on the Prophet.

I do not know if the book has been approved of by the Government of Bombay. In any case such a book should not be placed in the hands of small boys and girls who thereby get a wrong impression about the Prophet and his religion. This book, to my knowledge, is being taught in St. Anne's Convent School which, I know, is being attended by boys and girls of all communities. I trust the authorities of the school will see that the above passage is expunged from all copies of the book used in the school and that the Government of Bombay will take immediate measures to prevent the repetition of this passage in further editions of the book.—Yours, etc.,

PARENT.

Our Readers' Views

Grow More Food Campaign

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Every national is interested in this movement, but there are practical difficulties to which attention must be drawn. I am interested in agriculture and maintain a farm about 10 miles from Ahmedabad. One of my sons, who is a B.Ag. looks after the same. We maintain several heads of cattle—milk and draught. We have irrigation arrangements now about the difficulties. The pump at the well is worked by an oil engine, but crude oil is not available. Even "guar" and "juari" stalks cost a great deal, if available. Farmers require assistance in ways other than vocal. Central depots should be established at convenient centres for the supply of good seeds, fertilizers and manures, crude oil for working pumps Kerosene oil, and these must be supplied by the Department or some co-operative agency on easy terms.—Yours, etc.

JIVANLAL V. DESAI.

Ahmedabad.

K. E. M.'s Dean

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In a few days the Corporation will consider applications for the post of the Dean, K. E. M. Hospital. Canvassing, though not allowed in theory, is going on galore, and that also by parties who should be the last to do so. Rumours are afloat that the Congress majority really means to extend the term of the present Dean. Also there are definite rumours, which look like authentic, that the ground has been prepared for a comparative junior from the K. E. M., who has no administrative experience whatsoever (not even a day). Even a mandate from the high command is said to have come. Hope all these are mere rumours. Otherwise Heaven help us all.

Let me appeal to the Corporation, and the Congress members in particular, to utilise this unique opportunity to show their bonafides, their sense of justice and fairplay, so that the confidence of the public and of the minorities in particular, which has been very rudely shaken by appointments made in the past, be rehabilitated and re-established. Let all the citizens look to the Congress for safeguarding their interests, as it professes to do from housetops.

Let not caste, creed or a candidate's politics come in the way. Administrative experience must be the sole guide, the other qualifications being equal. After all, patriotism is not the monopoly of the Congress only.

To appoint somebody, because he is a Congressman, because he has the backing of the members, or because there is some mandate from influential quarters, or because other deserving candidate is not a Congressman, is to say the least, annoying, unjust and unworthy of this City. Let me pray that the City Fathers may be given guidance from the Almighty to show that there is still something like justice left in this wicked world.—Yours, etc.

H. C. C.

"Voice Of Youth"

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Yesterday I saw "The Voice of Youth", the documentary of the All-India Students' Conference held at Delhi last May, produced by the Film Advisory Board. I attended the Conference as a delegate from Bombay and I find that the film gives a completely wrong picture of the A.I.S.F. policy by not only stressing but actually just showing the anti-Fascist side of it, while the anti-Imperialist part of speeches has been cut out.

Our Anti-Fascism arises out of our Anti-Imperialism, which is primary and basic. We believe that only by fighting and winning this war against Fascism will we be able to give a fatal blow to world Imperialism of which Fascism is the strongest bulwark and thus strike at the root of British Imperialism at the same time.

This stand was stressed in most of the speeches there and the main feature of our resolutions was that British Imperialism was the leading factor which was sabotaging the people's movement to take up this war as their own and hence must be replaced by a truly National Government which alone can discharge the task of leading the people of the country to victory in this war of Indian liberation.

If the F.A.B. gets about its business in this manner, it cannot expect any more co-operation from any popular organisation.—Yours, etc.

"I WAS AT DELHI".

Wanted Better Price Control

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—What is most worrying the middle and lower classes is the present day ever-growing rise in the prices of foodstuffs. The authorities have fixed prices and have brought under control stocks. These official regulations have, however, no marked effect and the people still continue to experience the same difficulties as before in obtaining supplies at reasonable prices. This at any rate, I think, goes to show that the present regulations are no sure remedy for the malady. The period of an acute supply stringency, through which the City is passing, can very largely be ascribed to a poorer movement of foodstuffs from the producing centres consequent upon an unusual scarcity of wagons. Profiteering is spurred by and gains full play on shortage of a particular kind of commodity; and if therefore the present enactments are to achieve the object of checking profiteering, as they primarily aim at, it is of fundamental importance that fresh imports of foodstuffs and other necessaries of life to replace the stocks consumed are made easier and regular. Without this, mere fixation of prices or control of stocks will not help the situation to ease, as you have rightly pointed out in your issue of the 1st instant, writing under the caption "Frankly Speaking."

Government Grain Shops are on one hand ill-equipped to meet adequately the present demand diverted to them from private grain shops. The people have, therefore, no alternative but to turn back to private shopkeepers, who, however, refuse to supply on one or the other fictitious ground. We have to beg of these profiteering shopkeepers for supplies against cash! If the people don't get the normal supplies at the gazetted prices, surely the things demand strict vigilance on due observation of the present rules on the part of the trade.

In Bombay, besides Government Grain Shops, important localities have each a number of grain shops owned by private individuals, if greater Governmental aid is sought there, the plight of the suburban residents, who have to depend upon a handful of private shop-keepers, serving their localities, can better be imagined than described. Surely the authorities owe us some tangible relief in one form or the other. Immediate establishment of grain shops on similar lines as in Bombay is what we want as a first relief measure.—Yours, etc.,

B. G. PARIKH.

Andheri.

Adivasi Seva Mandal

APPEAL FOR FUNDS FOR FAMINE RELIEF WORK

As previously announced the Adivasi Seva Mandal has started its relief activities amongst the Adivasis of the three talukas of Palghar, Dahanu and Umbergaon of the Thana District. The first and the most urgent task that the Mandal took up was the distribution of rice seed. The Mandal has spent so far a sum of Rs. 3,500|- for this purpose. The Mandal has helped about 1,200 Adivasi families to cultivate nearly 3,000 acres of land during this season. The Mandal could not render more help in this direction due to lack of adequate funds.

The other relief activity that the Mandal organized is serving of 'kanjee" to Adivasi children attending schools. Nearly 750 children from 30 schools are being thus daily fed. The help which the school teachers and the local workers are rendering deserve special mention. The schools are situated in jungles where due to rains means of communication have become difficult. In spite of this difficulty the workers have been arranging to take the grain, etc. required for the 'Kanjee' to the places of distribution. All work is voluntary.

DISTRIBUTING GRAIN

The third activity just started is free distribution of grain or doles amongst poor deserving Adivasi families. Two centres have been started in Umbergaon taluka, one in Dahanu taluka, and one in Palghar taluka. To begin with the dole is being given to about 300 families. The scenes where doles are given are simply heart-rending. As the news will go round hundreds of their families will rush to the centres. It will be impossible for the Mandal not to give doles to these people also. Owing to the limited resources of the Mandal the Mandal had decided to limit dole distribution to about 500 families. The workers of the Mandal are considering whether this activity should not be extended to many more families. It may here be stated that the Adivasi men and women who attend the centres for receiving doles do so under stress of circumstances. They are very reluctant to receive this kind of help. They want work and wages, but there is no work for them nor wages. Some of the husbands have gone away in search of work leaving their wives and children to their fate. Some sons have similarly left their aged parents. That is why the wives or the mothers have to resort to the centres.

It must be here recorded that the response to the appeal issued by the Mandal for donations of this work has been quite satisfactory. More money, however, is needed and the Mandal has every hope that the public will contribute to the best of its ability.

GOVERNMENT'S HELP

The Mandal realizes its own limitations in this relief work. It is only the Government that can reach the thousands of Adivasi families who are now in distress due to famine and war conditions. The Mandal had, therefore, moved the Government immediately to organize relief measures. The Government has been good enough to adopt the suggestions regarding opening of grain depots for Khavtee purposes. The Government has announced an allotment of Rs. 40,000 for the four talukas. Under the scheme of Government the local Mamlatdar will arrange to distribute 'Khavtee' through the local revenue officials to Adivasi families wanting the 'Khavtee'. The usual conditions about the solvancy or security etc. attaching to advances of Khavtee have been done away with in the present case. The Government deserve the congratulations upon their simplifying their usual procedure in the case of the Adivasis. The Government grain has not still reached the hands of the Mamlatdar. It is hoped that the Government will arrange to send over the grain immediately in view of the seriousness of the situation.

OUR FOOD

BY D. F. KARAKA

Food and food prices have begun to engage the attention of the public. The war is beginning to make its effect felt in the home, as prices have soared and the daily expenditure on necessities gradually increases. Rice, for instance, has risen by 91 per cent. wheat by 111 per cent., tur-dal by 85 per cent, jawar by 55 per cent. Sugar shows a rise in price of 40 per cent. Ghee 55 per cent. Kerosene oil shows a rise of 133 per cent and sweet oil 40 per cent. dearer. This is, according to the Labour Gazette, but one feels that an addition of 33 per cent can safely be put on to get a real idea of conditions.

The food position is, therefore, getting serious. Hitherto, there has been no contact between the public and the press on the one hand and the Government on the other. A suggestion made to Mr. Knight, Adviser to the Government of Bombay, that he should hold weekly or fortnightly press conferences explaining to the people the situation from time to time has, however, been accepted. There is reason to believe that the press will appreciate this courtesy and make full use of it. The first press conference day is Friday next.

* * *

Let us go back a few years. It is now well-known that already before Munich, while the world stood still and held its breath, our grain dealers were doing their best to corner the market. Government either did not foresee the danger or seeing it were slow to act. When the war broke out the grain dealers had a fairly easily spell of profiteering. Not till the grain shops were opened and a Price Controller appointed did that profiteering get checked. But even then the policy of the Government was not in favour of drastic control.

The explanation sometimes put forward is that supplies are scanty. It makes one ask the question: "But where are the stocks? What has happened to our food production?

These things must be made clear at press conferences.

* * *

It is the view of the Government that there is possibly an actual shortage. In many cases prices have risen without justification, however. But sometimes this shortage exists, as in the case of wheat. There is also a disinclination on the part of the cultivator to market his goods. There are transport difficulties. There is a sense of insecurity in Sind. Knight was of the opinion that the stocks in Bombay of wheat were adequate but had to be watched.

* * *

The import of rice is 40 per cent, which has created a difficult situation since Burma has been lost. There has been a change over to Jawar. Madras has promised to give this province 6,000 tons of rice but that is only half the consumption of Bombay City alone. Government have by an order attempted to freeze stocks of rice and fixed maximum prices and the rice merchants are responding well. There are transport difficulties but the railways are helping to overcome these. The 25 meter-guage wagons are allotted to rice.

Government think that prices would not rise any more, if they control supply, transport and stocks. The only rise would be in parity with Madras prices and that, of course, depends on the Government of Madras.

Asked in an interview why pirces were not made controllable from the Centre, Mr. Knight said: "We have been pressing on the Government of India to have a Central Control." "What is the cause of their reluctance?" He was asked. "I can't tell you," Mr. Knight politely answered. 'Perhaps', he added very loyally to the Central Government, "it is because of the extreme difficulty, of effective control from the Centre". The danger, therefore, is that unless there is a uniform central control, the richer areas may tend to absorb commodities to the exclusion of the poorer areas.

That is a sort of basis on which we have to act. In this matter of food, which touches the very life of the people the press and the Government could co-ordinate to get the best possible co-operation between the buyer and seller and the Government, which will benefit the people as a whole. Mr. Knight has afforded the press an opportunity to express their point of view to him and to get his point of view. It is hoped that as a result of these press conferences the people as a whole will benefit.

So we wait for Friday next.

Occupation Of Attu And Kiska Bad

WASHINGTON, July 7.

The tendency noticeable here at first to write off the occupation of the islands of Attu and Kiska as little more than a Japanese face saving gesture has given way to a full appreciation of the dangers involved in permitting the enemy to retain and develop the foothold he has obtained in the Aleutians. The successful establishment of a big Japanese base for aircraft at Kiska would threaten all American Naval operations in those waters. It would also threaten the Russian Islands adjoining the Aleutians, constituting a dangerous barrier to the flow of supplies from the United States to Siberia should the latter be attacked by Japan. To-day's announcement of the torpedoing of four Japanese destroyers in the Aleutians strengthens the belief that the enemy is preparing such a base. Military quarters in Washington emphasise the difficulty of blasting the invaders out in the present terrible weather. The possibility of an American Expeditionary Force attempting to retake the islands will probably not be considered until October when the weather will be more favourable.—Reuter.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

"The general impression is that in respect of employment also Indians have been discriminated against in their own country. It is further understood that the Government of India propose to employ the officials evacuated from Burma, whether executive, judicial or technical, in the Indian services, notwithstanding that His Majesty's Government have made themselves responsible for their employment.

The great bulk of such officials is bound to be Britishers, as the number of Indians in the higher services in Burma could not but have been very small".

—*Pandit Hridayanath Kunzru.*

* * *

His Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester arrived in Bombay in a special train.

Evidently, the appreciation of the fact that he used to travel in an ordinary first class by the usual trains proved too much for the authorities.

* * *

"To-day India holds the most important key position"—Sir M. Azizul Haq.

He didn't, of course, consider it necessary to say what holds the holder of the most important key position.

* * *

Reuter's have been good enough to tell India of the appeal issued by Messrs. Bartlett, Brailsford and others in England a few days ago.

But we are not surprised. After all, it isn't so urgent or important as, for example, a pronouncement by Professor Coupland against the Congress.

* * *

American troops, says a Karachi message, are displaying keen interest in khadi and actually visiting Khaddar Bhandars.

The Government of India must do something about it. Allies or no allies, this is a dangerous development. It must be nipped in the bud, for instance, by closing the Khadi shops.

* * *

Condemning the hooligans at Sjt. C. Rajagopalachari's meeting at Matunga, Mahatma Gandhi says: "this is neither the way to Swaraj nor 'Akhand Hindustan".

Actually their goal is "coal-tar-istan".

* * *

Criticising Gandhiji, Comrade Roy says: "All his belaboured argumentations are irrelevant".

The Comrade need belabour the point no further.

* * *

In a message on the fifth anniversary of the Sino-Japanese "incident" Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek says: "The Chinese must help themselves and be worthy of their gallant Allies".

We agree with the first part.

As to the second, he might have more correctly put it the other way about.

* * *

Paying a tribute to the Chinese, Anglo-India admits that the "powerful Allies" of China "until now have been only a handicap to the Chinese".

The Chinese may have suffered heavy blows, great sorrow and misery during the last five years, but it cannot be denied that the Japanese helped them win a great, though non-material, victory on and since December 7, 1941.

* * *

After this gracious admission, however, Anglo-India assures China that her powerful allies "are at last stirring themselves like giants from slumber".

Oh yeah?

* * *

Maid: "Sorry! the mistress says she's not at home. Sorry!"

Caller: "Glad! tell her I am glad I didn't call."

Defer Election Of Leader

BEZWADA, July 6.

Mr. A. Kaleswara Rao, M.L.A., Chief Whip of the Madras Congress Legislature Party in the course of a statement referring to the annual elections for the leader and other office-bearers of the party which have been fixed by the Secretary on the 15th instant strongly pleads for the postponement of the elections for a month. He says: "We must know definitely the final decision of the Tamil Nad Working Committee's disciplinary action proceedings one way or the other before we elect our leader and other office-bearers".

He also requests the President of the Tamil Nad Congress Committee to cancel the meeting of the Tamil legislators fixed by him for the 14th and leave them free to vote individually as they please in the party meeting.—A. P.

R. A. F. BOMBS JAP TROOPS IN BURMA

NEW DELHI, July 7.

Enemy troop concentrations in northern Burma at Kalemyo near the Chindwin river were bombed by the Royal Air Force on Monday, July 6. A large building had a direct hit. Other bombs fell on the target area.

Our bombers later carried out a machine-gun attack on other buildings, states a Press Communique.

All our aircraft came back.—A. P.

Artillery Duels Between Axis And Allied Forces

Enemy Lines Extended Westward: Br. Troops' Forward Move

CAIRO, July 7.

Cabling this afternoon Reuter's Cairo correspondent says: "The front now runs about 28 miles due south of El-Alamein, then due west for about 30 miles.

In the artillery duel which characterised yesterday's land operations both sides were apparently trying to blast anti-tank and other opposition out of the way in preparation for an attempted break-through.

AXIS TROOPS EXTEND WEST

From Reuter's special correspondent with the Eighth Army:

It is likely that the enemy extended their lines westward owing to nervousness about a sudden Eighth Army move from the south.

There is no evidence of the enemy digging in on any appreciable scale and it is understood that the Afrika Korps as well as the British Eighth Army still remain highly mobile and any future battles are likely to be as fluid as earlier engagements in this area.

ARTILLERY DUELS

To-day's Middle East joint war 'communique' states: "While our air forces continued yesterday their attacks on the enemy over the El-Alamein battle area, on land there was little activity except for shelling by both sides.

Our battle groups engaged and dispersed several small enemy columns. Our forces continued their pressure on the enemy who extended his southern flank to the west.

The principal bomb effort was directed against the enemy landing ground in the El-Daba area. Direct hits were registered on "Messerschmitt 109s", "Junkers 88s" and "Heinkels 111s." Fires were started and confusion caused in enemy supply columns between Mersa Matruh and Tobruk. Enemy aircraft were damaged during the day by our fighters covering the battle area.

DAYLIGHT RAID ON BENGHAZI

British and United States heavy bombers carried out a daylight raid on Benghazi scoring hits on enemy shipping and starting several fires.

During a small scale enemy air action over the Delta area last night one enemy aircraft was shot down west of Cairo and another was badly damaged.

NINE AXIS PLANES SHOT DOWN

The enemy was active over Malta during July 5 and 6 and our fighters shot down two bombers and seven fighters without loss in combat.

From these extensive operations four of our aircraft are missing.

ALLIED FORCES MOVE FORWARD

Reuter's special correspondent at the headquarters of the British armoured corps cables:

Strong allied columns moved out this morning in a northerly direction behind Rommel's army concentrated south-west of El Alamein. They are moving.

As we write they are heading for two points on the coast between El Alamein and El Daba.

For the moment they are not supported by tanks as the main Allied armour is still chasing the enemy west of his positions. But they are strongly equipped with six-pounder and two-pounder anti-tank guns.

So far they have not met with any opposition though no doubt they will do so at any moment. These highly mobile flying columns contain the New Zealand troops, who in a night thrust have already inflicted much damage on Italian divisions capturing guns and men often at the bayonet point.

The punching power of the Allied tank force is daily becoming heavier.—Reuter.

Choice Before Rommel

LONDON, July 7.

Military commentary by "Annalist":—

The news from Cairo to-day suggests little beyond aerial activity. The army too, however, is undoubtedly keeping Rommel well occupied—proof of which lies in the contraction of his right flank either to avoid battle with columns detached from the Eighth Army or to escape being outflanked by them. Rommel must either come forward or go back.

German comment leaves no doubt that the enemy has a healthy respect for the Imperial Air Force strength. Air operations on El-Daba, Tobruk and Benghazi have had telling effect.—Reuter.

"Chance To Live Fully And In Peace" Demanded

CHARLOTTESVILLE, July 7.

Neither money nor goods nor replacements in kind, but only a "chance to live fully and in peace" is all the American people will want in repayment for the "Lease and Lend Aid" supplied to the United Nations when the final accounting is made, declared, Assistant Secretary of State Mr. Dean Acheson in a speech.—Reuter.

Cuba's Resolution Accepted With Minor Changes

LONDON, July 7.

Washington:—

The International Transactions Committee of the Inter American Banking Conference has approved with minor changes a resolution sponsored by Cuba recommending that the use or transfer of securities held or later acquired by or for nations, which have committed acts of aggression against the American continent, be effectively blocked.

The resolution also calls for the prevention of export or import of property and funds and transmission or communication to and from persons within aggressor nations.

All such transactions are to be blocked, except for strictly limited payments or expenses representing Governmental interests and payments for living expenses of the citizens of aggressor nations, domiciled in American Republics.

Case Against Central Bank

Further hearing of Mr. Shamdasani's complaint against the Directors, officers and the auditors of the Central Bank of India, Limited, in respect of its balance sheet, as at December 31, 1929, came up for hearing before Mr M. A. F. Melho on Saturday. Mr. S. G. Velinkar was the counsel for the accused.

Mr. Shamdasani drew the attention of the court that his main complaint was contained in paragraph 19 of his complaint to the effect that the statements, namely, (1) that such balance sheet exhibits a true and correct view of the state of the Company's affairs (a) according to the best of the information, and the explanation given to them and (b) as shown by the books of the Company, (2) that such balance sheet is drawn up in conformity with the law, containing the auditors' report inserted at the foot of the bank's balance-sheet as at December 31, 1929, were false in material particulars, for among others, the reasons set out in the paragraph.

At this stage the Court rose, and the hearing was postponed to Saturday July 25, at 3 p.m.

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Plea For Indo-Chinese United Front

CHINA FIGHTS FOR MORE THAN HER EXISTENCE

International Lawlessness Must Have No Place In Future Comity Of Nations, Says Chungking Consul

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A resolution conveying heartfelt congratulations to the people of China on their heroic resistance against Japanese aggression for five years was passed at a crowded meeting held at the Marwari Vidyalaya Hall, today.

The resolution also assured the Chinese people that the people of India would fight shoulder to shoulder with the people of China till victory was won and a new world order was established.

The meeting was convened under the auspices of the Girni Kamgar Union, the Bombay Students' Union, Friends of the Soviet Union, etc., to observe the "China Day". Mr A. S. R. Chari, presided.

Mr. Chari paid a tribute to the epic resistance of China and condemned the wanton Japanese aggression.

China Day had a special significance for India, said the speaker, because the danger that overwhelmed China five years ago was threatening India today.

He appealed to the gathering to emulate the Chinese example, to build unity and to be prepared to resist the aggressors.

WHAT CHINA FIGHTS FOR

Mr. T. S. Tsiang, the Consul for China, expressed his gratitude to the Indian people for their sympathy to China. In her darkest hours China had derived encouragement from her Indian neighbour.

He said that China was fighting for the principle that no country should take away the liberty of another country which happened to be weaker.

Hence it was that China was fighting for something more than her existence. International lawlessness should have no place in the future comity of nations.

After narrating the Japanese atrocities in China, the speaker said: "We would rather perish than surrender or even compromise with Japan which is a force that cannot exist side by side with righteousness."

Concluding he said: "China will fight on till final victory is achieved."

Mr. K. L. Yuen, Special Commissioner to the Ministry of Overseas Affairs in Chungking, now in India read out a message from the Chinese people which said that in the fateful hour of her destiny India would face all trials and tribulations with the same courage and fortitude as the people of China.

Dr. Tien also addressed the meeting on behalf of the Chinese community in Bombay.

CITY CELEBRATES "CHINA DAY"

The students, workers and other citizens as also the Chinese community in the city joined to-day in celebrating the "China Day" which is intended to signify the determination of the Chinese nation to fight Japanese aggression until final victory is achieved.

Students' Meeting

The Bombay Suburban Students Union posted hundreds of volunteers at railway stations and other centres in the city to collect funds for China.

LABOUR PLUMP FOR PEOPLE'S WAR

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

In connection with China Day, a public meeting was held at Damodar Hall, Parel, this evening, when Mr. N. M. Joshi, M.L.A. (Central) presided.

Addressing the gathering, Mr. Joshi paid tributes to the Chinese. He said China has been fighting against ruthless Japanese hordes for the last five years. At the beginning China was not armed in a modern sense and the Japanese took advantage of it and started an onslaught but the history of the war showed the world how courageously the Chinese bore the burnt of Japanese attack and are fighting to maintain the freedom of their country.

The speaker continuing, said that Indians had full sympathies with China and they could show it better by giving all help to her in the struggle against the Japanese attack.

Mr. Jalauddin Bukhari said that when two years before he went to jail he used to call the war going on than as an imperialist war but to-day the situation convinced him and his party that the present war was a people's war and he appealed to the Indian people ethat they should help all those forces who are fighting to destroy the Nazi, Fascist and Japanese aggressors.

At the meeting, the Labour leaders who wer erecently released from Nasik Jail were given a reception.

Out Of Travail A New China Is Born

CALCUTTA: — "To-day, five years ago, with one mind, the 475 million of my people took whatever they could get to fight against the barbarous enemy of the 20th century," said Dr. C. J Pao, Consul-General for China in the course of a broadcast talk from the Calcutta Station of All-India Radio to-night.

"We have fought for already five long years", added Dr. Pao. "As we fight, our country becomes stronger and stronger in every respect. We have proved the so-called invincibility of the Japanese Army to be but a myth and have brought up the war to a "sea-saw" situation.

Out of the ashes of those who have lost their lives in the fight against Japan, a New China has been reborn, a China not only able to defend herself, but also capable of collaborating with the United Nations in a common effort to prevent the existence of 'jungle law' among mankind."

Concluding he said that they were already near their eventual victory, but the situation was still very critical. He appealed to his listeners to simulate their efforts for the achievement of their final goal.

Renaissance Of Mankind

"There is every reason to say that unless the aggressor is stopped and is made to realise that this sort of thing brings effective punishment, they will do it somewhere else and the next place they will do it is India," observed Sir Harold Derbyshire, Chief Justice of Bengal, speaking at a meeting at the Town Hall this evening, in commemoration of the fifth anniversary of the Chinese war against Japanese aggression. Mr. Hem Chandra Naskar, Mayor of Calcutta, presided.

The Chief Justice said: "If we do not stand together and help China, we can look out for the same trouble that China is experiencing now".

Dr. C. J. Pao, Consul-General for China in Calcutta, said: "At least three-fourths of the freedom loving peoples of the world have taken up arms to fight shoulder to shoulder with us to awaken our common enemies to their senses. The horror of this modern weapons of destruction has never been experienced in the history of mankind, but through the unity and co-operation of the United nations in defending human decency breaks the dawn of a new civilisation. It is the renaissance of mankind".

"Whatever the final result", said Mr. A. R. Siddiqi, M.L.A., and a former Mayor of Calcutta, "It has now become clear to men of understanding that Asia has nothing to gain or learn at the hands of the Nipponese pupil of European Imperialism and Colonisation".

Mr. Naskar (Mayor) observed that bonds of spiritual, cultural and commercial fellowship had united the two countries in a cordial and everlasting tie of friendship.

A resolution was adopted at the meeting, conveying to the President of the National Government of China, to the Generalissimo and through him to the people of China its admiration for the heroic manner in which the Chinese people had resisted for five years an aggression unprecedented in history; and on this the first day of the sixth year of the war, the meeting sent fraternal greetings and an assurance of its deep sympathy and hearty co-operation in the elimination of the menace in Asia.

Similar meetings were also held in other parts of the city to observe the day.

Lesson For India

MADRAS:—"The most valuable lesson which the people of India have to learn from the heroic resistance offered by the Chinese to the Japanese aggression during the last five years is their indomitable energy, courage and determination", said Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar addressing a largely attended public meeting on the occasion of the celebration of the fifth anniversary of the Chinese war at the old Congress House maidan, this evening.

He asked the people not to have an exaggerated notion about the strength of the Japanese. "We are in no way inferior to them either in our martial valour or intellectual attainments", he declared and added: "Given opportunities, we develop our own strength and organise our own defence which will win the admiration of the entire world".

PLEA FOR UNITED FRONT

The only way by which they could build up their defence was by wresting the Government from the hands of the British. For this it was essential that they should close up their ranks and present a united national front. Delay in bringing about an understanding between the major political parties in the country would be disastrous. He would, therefore, appeal to every one of them to face the realities of the situation and co-operate in establishing unity in the country.

A resolution conveying greetings to the people of China and expressing condemnation of the Japanese aggression was passed by the meeting.—A. P.

United Front With China

AHMEDABAD:— An appeal to the Congress and the Muslim League to unite as a preliminary step to the formation of a united front with China against Japanese Fascism was made at a public meeting held this evening on observance of the China Day under the joint auspices of the Gujarat Trade Union Congress, Gujarat Provincial Kisan Sabha, Ahmedabad Students' Union and the Mill Kamdar Union. The meeting congratulated the Chinese people on their brave stand against Japan for the last five years.

Sound Strategy

LONDON: The Chinese Ambassador, Dr. Wellington Koo, speaking in London tonight, the fifth anniversary of the Chinese resistance, declared. "Burma must be retaken. This is an essential part of sound strategy for the Far East and the Pacific and there is reason to believe that it has not escaped the attention of the Supreme Command of the United Nations. With Burma recovered, China can become the base of operations to force Japan to disgorge her ill-gotten gains and equipped to aid Russia if attacked. The recent dispatch of American and British air units has proved a great help to China, but other weapons are sorely needed,—especially tanks, armoured cars and anti-tank guns."—Reuter.

New Zealand's Message To Generalissimo

WELLINGTON, July 7.

The Prime Minister, Mr. Fraser has sent a message to Marshal Chiang Kai-Shek expressing New Zealand's deepest admiration for the indomitable fortitude of the Chinese people. He says the unconquerable spirit of the Chinese is a constant source of inspiration for all the free peoples of the world. The message continues: "We in this country are confident that the common effort of the United Nations animated by that same will to resist and conquer must eventually avail to bring victory and freedom both to China and all other countries now victims of ruthless aggression".

U. S. Planes Bomb Hankow And Canton

BOMBAY, July 7.

The first Communique issued in Chungking by the headquarters of the American Army forces in China, Burma and India states:—

"American planes bombed Hankow aerodrome on July 1, damaging hangars, runways and aircraft on the ground.

"On July 2, the Nanchang airfield was attacked. Possibly three hangers were struck by direct hits, and three Japanese planes were hit on one runway.

"On July, 4, the aerodrome at Canton was bombed and severe damage done to hangars and runways. In all these attacks, Allied aviators destroyed six Japanese fighters without loss to themselves".

Supplementary reports indicate that the destruction of the Japanese planes on the ground during these raids was considerable.—A. P.

Communist Detenus

47 Released Up To Now In Bombay

Since the Government of Bombay undertook a review of the cases of persons who are being detained under its orders under Rule 26 of the Defence of India Rules, out of the 84 Communist detenus who were under detention on January 1, 1942, 47 have been released up to date. The remaining cases are under consideration.

Releases In Madras

MADRAS, July 7

The Government has ordered the release of another batch of seven persons detained under the Defence of India Rules, and set free two more persons who had been detained after release recently.

The order of detention of the four persons now absconding has also been cancelled.

It is learnt that about 70 more persons are still under detention in this Province.—United Press.

V. C. For Commander Of Submarine

LONDON, July 7.

To-night's London Gazette announces the award of the Victoria Cross to Commander Anthony Cecil Capel Miers, D.S.O., Royal Navy 'for valour in command of the submarine "Torbay" in a daring and successful raid on shipping

Other awards to the men of Torbay for gallant service in successful patrols include the Distinguished Service Order to Lt. E. Hugh Anthony Idd, D.S.A., and Bar to the Dsitinguished Service Cross to Lt. Paul Charles Chapman. Chief petty officer N. C. F. Baker and Petty officer Telegraphist E. K. Kember each receive Bar to the Distinguished Service Medal. There are six Distinguished Service Medals and thirteen 'mentions".

Commander Miers' Victoria Cross is the forty-third of the war and the thirteenth to go to the Navy.

It was recently reported from Alexandria that Torbay's record in the Mediterranean during the past year was sinking or damaging 70,000 tons of enemy shipping.

HALIFAX MEETS EDEN

LONDON, July 7.

Lord Halifax, the British Ambassador in Washington, who is now in London, had a talk with the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Eden, yesterday.—Reuter.

No Politics In Civil Defence

Discussion In National Defence Council

NEW DELHI, July 7.

Press Communique: The fifth session of the National Defence council opened this morning at Viceroy's House, New Delhi. H. E. the Viceroy presided. Proceedings commenced with a statement by Mr. Ibbotson, Director-General of Civil Defence.

The Council was presented with a review of the progress of recruitment to the different A.R.P. services in the Provinces, the progress in deliveries of trailer pumps, stirrup pumps and other A.R.P. stores and equipment and their distribution to the Provinces. The statement also dealt with the recent strengthening of the central organisation, the opening of new central A. R. P. schools and arrangements in view for the strengthening of fire-fighting personnel in the provinces.

AIR RAIDS IN INDIA

Mr. Ibbotson also gave a detailed description of the air raids which have so far occurred in India.

In the discussion which followed reference was made to the question of parallel organisation and the Council noted with satisfaction. The growing realisation in the country of the importance of keeping the organisation of Civil Defence outside politics.

INDIA'S AIR DEFENCE

The Council then proceeded to hear a statement on the Air Force and air defence of India made by the Air Officer Commanding-in-Chief. The consideration of this statement which set out the present position in full detail has not been completed to-day and it is expected that the position as regards training of air force personnel in India will be further discussed on Thursday.

In the afternoon the Hon. Mr. M. S. Aney, Member, Indians Overseas, made a statement about evacuation and evacuees from the war zones. He described the arrangements made for the provision of accommodation, food, clothing, supplies, medical services, free train fares etc., to the refugees from Burma and outlined also the policy of Government in respect of their maintenance and settlement in employment in this country.

The Council meets again at 10 a.m. to-morrow.

LONDON, July 7.

The 10,000 Italian civilians repatriated from Africa in four Italian liners under British safe conduct have arrived in Italy, says the Rome radio. Arrangements for the journey were made by the Swiss Government. The liners which brought them were "Saturnia", "Vulcania", "Duilio" and "Giulio Cesare".—Reuter.

V
STANDS FOR VICTORY OVER OUR ENEMIES_
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VICTORY OVER PAIN & FEVER!
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and robs him of his courage.

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was started by the common

enemy, Japan. Don't help to

spread it by infecting your friends.

DON'T BELIEVE RUMOURS

BUILD INDIAN WAR FRONT AGAINST THE JAPANESE

The Half-Column By "Dim"

One obscure weekly paper which describes itself as an investment and business weekly keeps on appearing week after week attacking D. F. Karaka and "Dim" in editorial columns in defence of Sir Homi Mehta. I am almost beginging to suspect it is a family concern. I would have quoted from this particular paper, but the writing is so terribly poor in parts that I wouldn't like to inflict it on the readers. The paper apparently has a very limited circulation because they take the trouble to correct the printer's errors in the complimentary copy which I receive whenever I am referred to. I suppose they want publicity, but with all the publicity I could give this paper, I wouldn't be able to help it very much. So, as newsprint is scarce and expensive and I am not likely to be induced to refer to this paper by name, I feel in fairness to the person who is sending me complimentary copies I should tell him or them that so long as they send me complimentary copies, I promise to read the bits about myself but I really can't do any more.

* *

The Oxford University Press writes to point out that, though the prospectus is out for Elwin's "The Agaria", the announcement of its publication is permature. The book is due late in August or early September.

* *

Another cheque of Rs. 15 has been received by me to-day for the Churchgate victims. It is being sent along with the other of Rs. 25 to the Mayor's fund.

For COUGHS CHESTON
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Firmer Business In London Market

LONDON, July 6.

Stock Exchange, encouraged by the better position of the Egyptian front, developed a firmer tendency, most sections had finished higher, the improvement being particularly marked in Home Rails wherein Great Western was a point up 45.50. Midland Scottish five-eighths 19.75, Giltedged sixteenth to eighth higher, including Old Consols War Loan. Oils had good market and some useful gains were scored; Anglo-Iranians five-thirty-seconds up 2.31, industrials recorded good gains; store shares were prominent and South African mines were firmly held. Wall Street was steady and quiet.—Reuter.

WHEN AMBEDKAR WILL TAKE CHARGE

NEW DELHI, July 7.

It is understood that Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, new members for Labour, will take over charge of his Department on about the 25th of July from Bombay. Prior to this Dr. Ambedkar goes to Nagpur to preside over a conference of Depressed Classes on July 18.

DELAY IN TRAFFIC LIKELY.

CALCUTTA, July 7.

Traffic for Bombay, Agra, New Delhi, Lahore and adjacent areas are subject to serious delay due to disturbances and pressure, states a press note issued by the Chief Superintendent, Central Telegraph Office, Calcutta.—A. P.

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ADVOCATE-GENERAL ENTERS "NOLLE PROSEQUI"

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Sen)
Emperor
Versus
1. Samuel Stocker
2. Albert Edward Appleby ..... Accused

The two accused, European soldiers, went into the Police Club on 9th May last and demanded drinks from the barman without being members or guests. The barman refused. The deceased Claude Evans, Assistant Manager of the United Motors Ltd., who was in the Club, then treated them as his guests and had drinks served to them. Later, on in the night the accused demanded more drinks which the deceased refused. Thereupon the accused, were alleged to have abused the deceased and the first accused was alleged ultimately to have stabbed Evans who died three days later. The first accused was charged with murder and the second accused with having abetted it and committed to the High Court Sessions.

On Tuesday, the Advocate-General in the exercise of his Special Powers under Section 333 of the Code of Criminal Procedure entered a "nolle prosequi" in respect of the second accused and informed the Court on behalf of His Majesty that he would not further procecute the second accused upon the charges framed against him. The second accused was thereupon discharged, and His Lordship directed that the discharge was to amount to an acquittal.

The Advocate-General, Mr. M. C. Setalvad, with Mr. H. M. Seervai instructed by the Public Prosecutor, Mr. N. K Petigara, appeared for the prosecution.

Further Directions Given In Marwari Magnates' Case

(Before the Hon. Mr Justice Kania)
Ramchandas Jhajharia ..... Plaintiff
Versus
Ramkishandas Dalmia and Ors. Defendants.

This matter came up again before His Lordship for further directions after His Lordship had already delivered judgment in April last. In order to determine the figure of damages which the first defendant had been ordered to pay in respect of five shares (which defendants 2 to 7 had wrongly disposed of) by His Lordship's judgment already delivered on 14th April last, the plaintiff led evidence to prove the market rate of the shares of the Sholapur Mills on 14th April, 1942. On the evidence, His Lordship held that Rs. 5,000 was the market value of each share on the material date.

The next directions His Lordship gave were on the question of costs. His Lordship ordered defendants 1 to 7 to pay the costs of the plaintiff, but ordered that as between those defendants the first defendant should bear only one-fourth of the costs and defendants 2 to 7 should bear the remaining three-fourths. In a further judgment delivered by His Lordship it was stated that after the making of the tender to defendants 2 to 7, the first defendant had adopted varying attitudes and had in effect contested the plaintiff's claim, and he failed in his defence. With regard to Ramkumar Murarka and others (defendants 2 to 7), His Lordship observed that they "were the principal contesting parties, and in my opinion, this litigation is the outcome of their dishonest conduct." On these grounds, His Lordship made the above order for costs.

His Lordship finally directed that these would be a decree in terms of the minutes settled in Court with the assistance of the learned counsel appearing for the different parties.

"Kom Sevak" Editor's Bail-Bond Cancelled

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The bail-bond of Nusserwanji Engineer, editor of the "Kom-Sevak", a defunct Gujerati weekly, whose sentence of imprisonment for four months on two charges of defamation was suspended on Thursday last, was cancelled.

It will be recalled that Engineer had applied for suspension of sentence as he could not fill an application for revision till the copy of the judgment was ready, and this it was stated would take about a month.

The Chief Justice and the Hon. Mr. Justice Wassoodew had allowed him bail subject to any objection that might be taken by the complainant, Mrs. Mitha Marzban.

On Tuesday the complainant opposed the bail application. Questioned by the Court, Mr. T. S. Lam, who appeared for the complainant, stated that the copy of the Magistrate's judgment would be ready in a day or two.

Their Lordships then said that they would make no order on the bail application and directed the accused to renew his request when applying for a revision of the case.

ALLEGED MEMBERS OF GANG OF DACOITS ARRESTED

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Two persons alleged to be associates of a gang of dacoits were arrested by the Dongri Police, yesterday.

Jainulla Vazeer and Shah Mohamed Roshanalli, the suspect, it was stated belongs to a gang of dacoits which is already under arrest. During the course of the search of some of the dacoits arms and ammunitions were recovered by the police.

As some alleged associates of this gang are still absconding and pending their arrest, Mr. M. A. F. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate of the Mazagaon Police Court ordered the suspect to be remanded in custody till July 13.

Don't Monopolise Export Of Tea

CALCUTTA, July 7.

Requesting the Government of India not to proceed with their proposal to control export of all tea from India, the Calcutta Tea Merchants' Association, in a telegram to the Commerce Department, states that there is "no justification for such a step, which would result in benefitting foreign consumers at the expense of Indian producers and shippers."

Special Officer For Non-Control Food-Stuffs

NEW DELHI, July 4.

The Government of India it is announced have decided to appoint an officer to make a special study of the all-India aspects of problems connected with the supply and prices of articles of common consumption for which as yet no special All-India Controller has been appointed. This officer will be known as the Civil Supplies Commissioner (rice and miscellaneous) and will be attached to the commerce department of the Government of India.

Mr. B. G. Holdsworth, I. C. S., establishment officer to the Government of India has been appointed as Civil Supplies Commissioner (rice and miscellaneous) in addition to his duties as establishment officer.—A. P.

TATA HYDRO-ELECTRIC AGENCIES LTD.

Revenue From Energy Sales

Messrs. Tata Hydro-Electric Agencies Limited, Agents for the following three Hydro-Electric Companies, report that the revenue from energy sales (subject to adjustment) of the said Companies for the month of June 1942 and for twelve months ended 30th June 1942 were as compared with the corresponding periods of the previous financial year:—

	For the month of June 1941.
Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co., Ltd.	Rs. 3,03,211
Andhra Valley Power Supply Co., Ltd.	Rs. 4,43,111
Tata Power Co., Ltd.	Rs. 7,36,207
Total	Rs. 14,82,529
	For the month of June 1942.
Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co., Ltd.	Rs. 3,15,871
Andhra Valley Power Supply Co., Ltd.	Rs. 4,55,162
Tata Power Co. Ltd	Rs. 7,69,077
Total	Rs. 15,40,110
	For financial year upto June 30, 1941.
Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co., Ltd.	Rs. 36,29,851
Andhra Valley Power Supply Co., Ltd.	Rs. 50,78,412
Tata Power Co., Ltd.	Rs. 81,71,192
Total	Rs. 1,68,79,455
	For current financial year upto June 30, 1942
Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co., Ltd.	Rs. 38,84,375
Andhra Valley Power Supply Co., Ltd.	Rs. 56,76,008
Tata Power Co., Ltd.	Rs. 90,12,089
Total	Rs. 1,83,72,472

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, July 7.

LONDON:—
Banks buying 90 Days/St 1/6 9/32 Two Months
Banks buying 90 Days/St 1/6 5/16 Three Months
Banks Buying 90 Days/St 1/6 5/16 Four Months
B C Rates T T 1/5 15/16 D D 1/5 15/16
Banks selling T T 1/5 31/32 D D 1/5 31/32
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/32 D D 1/6 5/32
LONDON/NEW YORK:—
Banks selling T T Rs 332 3/4 D D Rs 332 3/4
Banks buying T T Rs 329 1/2 D D Rs 329 1/2
LONDON/MONTREAL:
Banks selling T T Rs 302 1/2 D D 302 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs 297 3/4 D D 294 3/4
LONDON/BERNE:—
Banks selling T T Fcs 126 3/4 D D Fcs nil
Banks buying T T Fcs 131 1/2 D D Fcs nil
LONDON/STOCKHOLM
Banks selling T T K 123 D D K 123
Banks buying T T K 128 D D K 128
MEXICO/LONDON:—
Banks selling T T Rs 67.27 D D Rs 66.27
Banks buying T T Rs. 63.04 D D Rs 62.04
LISBON/LONDON:—
Banks selling T T Esc 7.35 nom D D Esc 7.35 nom
Banks buying T T Esc 7.55 D D Esc 7.55
AUSTRALIA/LONDON:—
Banks selling T T 1/10 3/8 D D 1/10 3/8
Banks buying T T nil D D 1/11 3/8
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady
Gold £8-8-0 Ready
New York silver 35 1/8
London Silver 23 1/2 Ready 23 1/2 Forward
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/8 per cent
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent
Money:—Call and 1 month not quoting
2 to 5 months 1/4 per cent
6 to 11 months 1/2 per cent
Tone:—Very easy.

PEPPER AND GINGER

Bombay, July 7.

Pepper Ready	.....	200	0 0
Pepper Ashad 15	.....	196	0 0
Ginger ready	.....	97	0 0

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay, July 7.

Gr. Nut August	.....	5	8 0
Cast. seed September	.....	6	0 0
Cott. seed September	.....	2	12 0
Silver 1st Settlement	.....	2	8 0
Gold 1st Settlement	.....	1	12 0

METAL EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, July 7

Copper sheets lb. 21 Rs. 160 28 154 35 154 42 150 49-56 148
Brass sheets Flag Brand lb. 20-21 Rs. 120/8 24 113/4 28 110 35 109 42 105 49-56 104/8
Spelter 'P.H.' Rs. 120 Rosita Rs. 115 Country make Rs. 84 Pigiead 'B.M.' Refined Rs. 54 per cwt.
Settlement rates:—
Copper sheets Ashad Rs. 145
Aso Rs. 149
Market tone:—Steady.

COTTON PARITY

Broach J/A below New York July 1,071 cent points at Exchange Rate 331.

Sales Of Treasury Bills

Tenders for Rs. Eight Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 7th July 1942. Total amount offered was Rs. 14,44,00,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-13-3 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-13-0 allotted approximately 20 per cent. Total amount accepted was Rs. 8,00,00,000. the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 0-10-3 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Eight Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 14th July, 1942, in Bombay up to 11 a.m. (S. T.) and up to the close of business on Monday, the 13th July, 1942 at other centres. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 17th July, 1942. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 3rd July 1942, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 3,60,50,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, July 6.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	.....	£64 1/2
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	.....	£100 13/16
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	.....	£82 1/2
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961		£107 1/2
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent	.....	£105 3/16
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90		£115 3/16
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	.....	£114 5/8
Chartered Bank of I.A. and China		£6 3/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London reg.)	.....	£55
National Bank of India	.....	£28 1/4

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, July 6.

T. T. London on:—
New York sellers 4.02 1/2 buyers 4.03 1/2
Madrid official 40.5 voluntary rate 46.55
Montreal sellers 4.43 buyers 4.47
Zurich sellers 17.3 buyers 17.4
Stockholm sellers 16.85 buyers 16.95

Latest Commercial

COTTON

OCTOBER
New York, July 7

Previous closing	19.22
To-day's opening	19.33
Difference	+11
To-day's closing see Stop Press	

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 7

Following are the New York opening ranges:—
October (19.34/32) 19.34/33
December (19.45/44) 19.49/48
January (19.62/62)

LONDON COMMODITIES

London, July 7

SEEDS
Castorseeds Bombay July/August (£25 quoted) £25 quoted
Linseed Calcutta July/August unquoted
Linseed La Plata July/August unquoted
Groundnuts Coromandal July/August (East Coast India shipment not quoted) West Coast India shipment (£24 1/2 quoted) £24 1/2 quoted

LONDON METALS
Electric Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (131 sh.) 131 sh

EXCHANGE:

CROSS RATES
T. T NEW YORK ON LONDON
New York, July 7

Previous closing	4.03 3/4
To-day's opening	4.03 3/4

T T LONDON ON NEW YORK
London, July 7.
Previous closing 4.02 1/2 sellers: 4.03 1/2 buyers.
To-day's opening 4.02 1/2 sellers: 4.03 1/2 buyers.
To-day's closing 4.02 1/2 sellers: 4.03 1/2 buyers

LONDON BULLION

LONDON GOLD
London, July 7.
London Gold (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON SILVER
London, July 7

Spot (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d.
Forward (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d

CROSS RATES
London, July 7.
London on Bombay (1-6 1/32 sellers 1-5 31/32 buyers) 1-6 1/32 sellers; 1-5 31/32 buyers
New York on Bombay (30.35) 30.36

DISCOUNTS
3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent
4 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
6 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent

New York Stock Exchange

New York, July 7

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:
General Motors (dol 38) dol 37 7/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 25 3/4) dol 26 1/4
United States Steel Common (dol 47 1/2) dol 47 5/8
United States Steel Preference (dol 106) unquoted

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, July 7.

London Stock Exchange was quietly firm to-day.

3½ PER CENT STERLING LOAN

London, July 7.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £100 13/16

AUSTRALIAN LOAN

5 per cent 1958-68 £101

BRITISH FUNDS
2 1/2 per cent British Consols £82 5/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £107 9/16
2 per cent Conversion Loan £100 1/8
4 per cent Funding Loan £115 3/16
3 1/2 per cent War Loan £106 3/8
3 per cent War Loan £102
4 per cent Victory Bonds £114 5/8

INDUSTRIALS
Standard Motors 17-9
Marks and Spencer Ordinary 37-6
Electric Music Industry 16-3
Princhin Johnson 24-0
Imperial Chemical 32-3
Woolsworth Ordinary 54-0
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rate £80
Dundee 27-6
Unilever Ordinary 28-0
Ford Motors 25-1 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary £60
British American Tobacco Ordy £4
Carreas 'A' £5 3/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary £6 3/32
P and O Defd 25-1 1/2
Distillers 76-0
Bredfords Dyes 8-3
British Cellanese 10-6
J and P Coates 35-4 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary 35-7 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners 8-10 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary 15-3
Inter Nickels dol 38 3/ 8
Indian Iron 38-10 1/2

TEA SHARES
Assam 17-6
Donaro Tea 25-7 1/2
Empire of India 15-6

JUTE
Barnagore £6

RUBBER SHARES
Anglo-Dutch Rubber 8-1 1/2
Gula Kelampong 7-6
Rubber Plant 14-0

MINING SHARES
Nandydrug 15-7 1/2
Burma Corporation 3-6
Rio Tintos £7 3/4
East Rand Properties £1 25/32
Rand Mines £5 5/16

MINE SHARES
Crown £8 1/4
Associated Portland Cement 48-1 1/2
Trinidad Leasehold 66-3
Sub-Nigel £6
Spring Mines Split Share £0 15/16
Union Corporation 132-6

OIL SHARES
Venezuela Persian 35-7 1/2
Anglo-India 46-3
Burma Oil £1 25/32
Mexican Eagle 10-3
Shell Transport £2 7/16
Royal Dutch £19

RAILWAY SHARES
Great Western Ordinary £46 1/2
London Midland Ordinary £20
London North Eastern Defd £2
London Southern Defd £17
London Transport 5 per cent £124
London Transport 'C' £40 1/2

LONDON WHEAT.

London, July 6.

Rozario Santa Fe July/August quoted	24/9
Barletta Russo July/August quoted	24/9
South Australian wheat July/August quoted	28

LONDON SILVER.

London, July 6.

Spot	.....	23 1/2
Forward	.....	23 1/2

LONDON GOLD.

London, July 6.

London gold fine per oz £8-8-0

REMEMBER!

TIE a knot in your handkerchief and remember the name —*Peek Frean's Glaxo Biscuits.* Circumstances which you will fully appreciate and understand, prevent us, at the present time, from sending these famous English Biscuits to India. But when victory comes—Glaxo Biscuits will once again be available in the Shops and Bazaars. Till then—remember—

PEEK FREAN Glaxo BISCUITS

Will come back to INDIA

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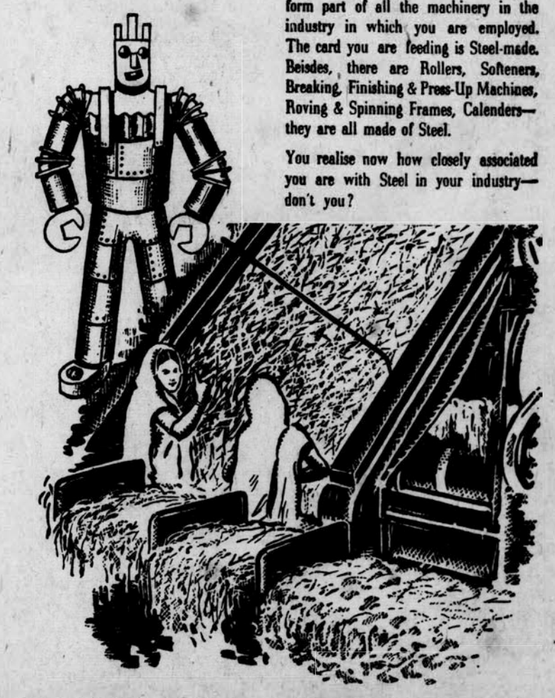
You realise now how closely associated you are with Steel in your industry—don't you?



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MUTT AND JEFF—What Have a Couple Flat Feet Got to Do with Good Leg Work By BUD FISHER

HUH? WHAT ZAT?
HI SAY, HI COME TO JINE THE FORCES, SIR! 'IS 'IGHNESS, THE KING, NEEDS ME, SIR!
I CAN'T UNDERSTAND THIS GINK!
HI SAY, HI COME TO JINE THE FORCES, SIR! 'IS 'IGHNESS, THE KING, NEEDS ME, SIR!
I TOLD YOU THIS MORNING YOU CAN'T ENLIST! YOU HAVE FLAT FEET!
FOREIGN RECRUITING OFFICE
BUT HI DON'T 'AVE TO KICK THE ENEMY, SIR, DOES HI?
THAT'S NOT THE POINT! YOU JUST WOULDN'T BE ABLE TO STAND THE MARCHING AND TRAVELING ON FOOT!
FOREIGN RECRUITING OFFICE
HI WALKS 187 MILES HERE TO ENLIST AND NOW I CAN'T RUN BACK! I GOTTA WORK T'MORROW!
AIR RAID WARNING! WALK DON'T RUN
2-25

Pro-phy-lac-tic
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IS SCIENTIFICALLY DESIGNED TO
CLEAN ALL THE TEETH

Cuticura
OINTMENT
Apply Cuticura Ointment to skin eruptions. Itssoothing, medicinal and antiseptic action works wonders. At the very first touch you feel its marvellous soothing effects
SOOTHES & HEALS
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SAYS THE PILOT OFFICER
"GOT ONE CERTAIN"
"....Sighted an enemy squadron, picked out a dive bomber and sent it headlong into the sea (so *that's* why they call it a 'dive bomber'!). Crippled another aircraft which probably failed to return to its base".
When you are served R.A.S. Brandy at your favourite bar you've 'got one certain'—because this fine pale brandy has all the distinctive flavour and exquisite aroma of good French brandy.
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IT'S ONLY A MINOR COUGH DOCTOR!
YOU CAN NEVER TELL WHEN A SEEMINGLY MINOR AILMENT LIKE COUGH OR COLD MAY LEAD TO SERIOUS TROUBLES. GIVE HIM SIROLIN 'ROCHE' WITHOUT DELAY.
SIROLIN 'ROCHE'
THE SAFEST LUNG TONIC FOR ADULTS & CHILDREN ALIKE.

GENERAL LIQUIDATION ON N. Y. COTTON EXCHANGE

OPPOSITION TO FULL PARITY LOANS

Bombay, July 7.

For the past few weeks the New York cotton market is under the influence of prospects of the Farm Bill and full parity Looms. The Government has introduced the Farm Bill seeking power to fix maximum prices and as a counter move Mr. Bankhead introduced a Bill for full parity loans. It was reported that some compromise may be arrived at but now it is reported that the Government is opposing the loan Bill.

There was general liquidation and New Orleans selling on reports of stiffened administration opposition to full parity loans. There was scale down spot house and local support.

At the opening October was quoted 6 points down at 19.34 which was the highest level. Under increased selling prices declined and October was quoted 19.17 which was the lowest level. Prices again improved and finally closed at a net decline of 14 to 23 points. Spot cotton prices declined 18 points at 20.53c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans Cotton futures market was quiet on increased selling and closed at a decline of 15 to 20 points. Spot cotton prices declined 17 points at 19.42c. per lb.

LOCAL SITUATION.

Messrs. Anandilal Podar and Co. State :— On Monday, cotton opened strong in sympathy with seeds and owing to closure of Mahajan, prices further advanced on short covering. Around this level there was appreciable selling by Karachi operators, together with bull liquidation on reports that spot demand was somewhat inactive with Broach basis at about Rs. 3 "on" instead of Rs. 5 to 6 "on" last week. The closing tone was somewhat easier. Notwithstanding no export demand and upcountry and local spot prices being Rs. 6 to 7 lower than forward, groundnuts flared up on heavy speculative support and so also linseed, which ready price was about annas six lower than forward. Reserve Bank having sold about 3,000 bars at Rs. 85 and slightly favourable war news from Egypt coupled with poor upcountry offtake forced heavy bull liquidation in silver, though gold was relatively steady. Shares shot up on somewhat encouraging news from Egypt and especially textiles were in good request on reports that the gross margin of profit to mills remained highly remunerative.

PRIVATE CABLES :—

Bombay, July 7.

N. Y. October highest (10 a.m.) 19.34—06
N. Y. October lowest (11-13 a.m.) 19.17—23

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends :—

New York.—Market declined on general selling and buyers holding back.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, July 6.

July	18.84—14
October	19.22—18
December	19.34—15
January	19.40—19
March	19.50—20
May	19.57—23
Middling spot	20.53—18

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, July 6.

July	18.82—15
October	19.42—16
December	19.54—16
January	19.58—19
March	19.70—19
May	19.77—20
Middling spot	19.42—17

NOON CALL.

New York, July 6.

July	18.18
October	19.20
December	19.32

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, July 7.

Following a decline of 18 points in New York cotton futures the local market opened to-day at Rs. 211/8 for Broach J/A. delivery and under moderate buying prices advanced to Rs. 213/8. At this level there was scattered realising and prices reacted to Rs. 212. The general feeling is moderately bullish and there is more disposition to buy on declines.

Later on there was increased buying. The market is expecting some tenders tomorrow. The local market has absorbed lacs of bales in tenders and will easily swallow few hundreds if they come out. Prices advanced to Rs. 215/12. At this level there appeared some liquidation and Broach J/A stood at Rs. 215/4. Prices again ruled steady and closed at 4-30 p.m. as under :—

BROACH	July/August	215	12 0
OOMRA	July	194	12 0
BENGAL	July	177	8 0

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, July 7.

		Extra Spr-fine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G	Bengal U.P.		184	181	178	175
M G	Punjab		184	181	178	175
M G	Rajputana		190	187	184	181
M G	Oomra No. 3	202	199	196	193	...
M G	C. P. No. 1	227	224	221	218	
M G	C. P. No. 2	212	209	206	203	...
M G	Broach No. 2		221	218	215	212
M G	Punj-Ameri		311	308	305	302
M G	Surat		411	408	405	402
M G	Rajpipla		406	403	400	379
M G	Navsari		416	413	410	407

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay, July 7

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

In full-pressed bales.

	2 days.	This year	Since 1st Sept. Last year
Khandesh	103	80,996	100,336
Central India	.....	30,055	144,537
Barsi and Nagar	.....	53,444	121,409
Hyderabad/Gaorani	.....	18,989	48,624
Berar	.....	178,011	372,569
Central Provinces	.....	87,565	76,472
Total Oomras	103	449,060	863,947
Dholeras	.....	33,233	96,458
N W Provinces	.....	1,425	1,537
Rajputana	.....	470	6,613
Sind-Punjab	835	415,537	845,236
Broach	101	319,712	297,684
Coompta & Dharwar	.....	65,572	129,224
Westerns-Northerns	967	30,668	98,148
Cocoanada	.....	.....	239
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	.....	15,367	9,850
Arrived by road to 2nd July, 1942	.....	92,500	326,133

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, July 7.

	Old:	Ready
Bengal	.....	177/80
Berar	170-75	198/201
C P. 1	180-85	218/21
C. P. 2	170-75	203/5
Khandesh	135-50	...
Mugiai	150-60	...
Broach	160-65	217/24
Broach Low	150-55	

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, July 6.

Broach J/A. highest 217 lowest 212 1/2 closing 212 1/2

Oomra July highest 196 1/2 lowest 190 closing 190

Bengal July not quoted

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, July 7

Yellow metal sheets	Rs	118	0 0
Copper sheets	Rs.	153	0 0

Tone :—Steady.

GONORRHOEA CURED
OLD or NEW—cured Guaranteedly MEDICINE CHARGES ON CURE:—Time—9 to 12 a.m. and 5 to 8 p.m. Sunday: 9 to 12 a.m. only:
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Near Prarthana Samaj Tram Junction, Sandhurst Road, Opp. Central Bank, Bombay 4.

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Moderate Support On Declines

Bombay, July 7.

The local Share Bazar opened quiet with scattered selling but lower levels attracted moderate support. Buying and selling was mostly balanced and after a rise of about Rs. 175 from the low level of the last week in Tata Steel Dfd. shares buyers were cautious. The dividend declaration half cash and half in certificates bearing 3 per cent interest aroused much criticism but judging the dividend itself, the yield on ruling quotations is satisfactory, moreover it must be mentioned that there is abundant supply of money at cheap rates and investment demand is expected to appear on all important declines. However towards the end of each month there will be moderate realising as there is no carry-over facility. The drastic decline in the last week was assisted by this liquidation together with unfavourable war news from Egypt. But the decline was overdone as the industrial outlook remained encouraging. The textile industry is doing well and while it is feared we may lose some of our existing export trade a long-drawn war will being more and more war orders. However one important factor needs careful consideration. The cheapness of Indian raw cotton is mostly responsible for huge profits and if cotton prices look, profits will be reduced to some extent although production will continue at a record level.

Tata Steel Dfd. shares opened at Rs. 1480 and after declining to Rs. 1465 improved to Rs. 1480 Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 295 and were steady at Rs. 296. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1260 and advanced to Rs. 1277.

Wall Street buyers faltered in the afternoon and earlier gains were soon reduced or cancelled in many instances under quiet profit-taking with more encouraging Egyptian news tempered by cloudiness of the Russian Situation. U. S. Steel shares gained 3/4 at 47 1/2 and Anaconda coppers improved 5/8 at 26, General Motors closed 1/8 lower at 37 3/4 dollars.

TEXTILE MILLS.

Bombay, July 7.

Apollo 4/8; Ahmedabad Advance 347/8; Bombay Dyeing 1280; Central India 366; Century 485; Colaba Land 178; E. D. United 2/14/6; Finlay 206; Gokak 257; Indian Bleaching 170/8; Indore Malwa 341/4; Kohinoor 490; Lakshmi 771/4; Morarji 592/8; Mysore 137/3; New Great 274; Phoenix 382/8, Podar 215; Sassoon Silk 92/8; Sholapur 6450; Simplex 208/8; Swadeshi 367; Swan 196; Tata Mill 32/2; Vishnu 1602/8; New City 260

ELECTRICS.

Andhra Valley 1610; Ahmedabad Electric 177/8; Ajmere Electric 13/11; Bombay Suburban (old) N. 173/12; Bombay Tramways 131/12; Karachi Electric 187/8; Poona Electric 215; Surat Electric 193/12; Tata Hydro 158; Tata Power 1490.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Asso. Cement 168/4; Belapur Sugar 228/8; Bombay Burma 225; Bombay Burma New 75; Bombay Steam 331/4; Shivrajpur 39; Tata Steel Def. 1486/4; Tata Steel Ord. 298; Prem. Construction 121/8; Br. B. Petrol 1/5/6; Ind. Radio Def. 350; Ind. Radio Ordy. 350; Scindia Steam 20/2; Tata Chemical 16/2; Tata Oil 58/8; Western India Match 217/8; Burma Corporation 1/15; Indian Iron 26/14; Indian Copper 2/0/6; Steel Corp. Bengal 17

BANKS

Baroda 115; Central 48; Imperial F.P. 1532/8; Imperial P.P. 376/4; India 138/8; Reserve 102/4; Union 6/4.

RAILWAYS

Ahmedabad Prant 907/8; Central Prov. 112; Gujrat 110; Hoshiarpur Doab 97; Mandra Bhon xd. 111; Sara Sirajgunge 98/8; Sialkot Narowal xd. 115

INSURANCE.

Empire 700; Jupiter 15; New India 50; Oriental Life 4055; Vulcan Insurance 9/14;

DEBENTURES

4 per cent Tata Chem. 1952 119; 4 per cent Andhra 1952 104/14; 4 per cent Bom. Telephone 48/4; 4 per cent Tata Power 1951/55 104/14;

PREFERENCE.

5 per cent Ahm. Advance 125; 7 per cent Andhra 1550; 7 per cent Bom. Tram 78; 6 per cent Bom. Steam 327/8; 5 per cent Central India 628/8; 6 per cent Tata Steel 1st 204/10; 7 1/2 per cent Tata Steel 2nd 132/8; 7 per cent Tata Hydro 151/4; 7 1/2 per cent Tata Power 1592/8; 6 1/4 per cent P. Const 1st 121; 6 1/4 per cent P. Const. 2nd. 118/8; 5 per cent Swadeshi 138; 5 per cent T. Chem. 121/14

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, July 7.

Steel shares opened somewhat lower than previous closing levels but later on improved on scattered buying interest. Tata Deferreds which stood previously at 1490 were at one time quoted lower at 1465 but finally they improved to 1490. Tata Ordinaries after declining to 295 ruled higher at 298. Mill shares were ruling steady with minor price changes. Bombay Dyeings were better off at 1280. Indian Irons were quoted at 27-2.

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange, to-day :—

Tata Deferreds (1490), 1475, 1465, 1490.
Tata Ordinaries (298), 297, 295, 298
Tata Ordinary 298; Tata Deferred 1490; Indian Iron 27/2; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 17/2; Bombay Dyeing 1280; Central India 368/2; Century 493/12; Gokak 258/12; Kohinoor 488/2; Simplex 210; Andhra Valley 1610; Tata Hydro 166/14; Tata Power 1485; Associated Cement 168/8; Belapur 228/12; Bombay Burma (old) 223/12.

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, July 7

2 3/4 per cent 1948-52 97/12
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes 92/10
3 per cent 1951-54 Loan 99/13
3 per cent 1949-52 Loan 99/15
3 per cent 1963-65 92/12
4 per cent 1960-70 Loan 107/4
3 per cent 1946 Bonds 101/12
4 per cent War Bonds 101/9
3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 Loan 102
4 1/2 per cent 1955 Loan 111

TAX FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945-55 Loan 108/6
4 per cent 1953-63 Mysore 113
5 per cent 1955 Mysore '22

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1947 103/12
4 per cent M Deb 1957 106
6 per cent M Deb 1964 '12
5 per cent M Deb 1954 123/8
5 per cent K P T 1956 122/8

Tone :—Steady.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, July 7.

Yesterday London gold was unchanged at £8-8-0 Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and 4.03 3/4 at New York.

London spot and forward silver quotations were unchanged at 23 1/2d There was small trade demand which was satisfied by production. New York spot silver was unchanged at 35 1/8 cents London Bombay spot and forward silver parity was Rs. 62-10-3. The local market was quiet with scattered selling. Quotations were as under :—

GOLD

Ready	Rs.	51	11 0
Ashad		51	9 0
Sovereigns		39	2 0

SILVER.

Ready		84	6 0
Ashad		83	2 0

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, July 7.

Groundnuts	August—		
Opening		66	8 0
Highest		67	4 0
Lowest		66	2 0
Closing		67	0 0
Cottonseeds	September—		
Opening		30	15 0
Highest		31	5 6
Lowest		30	15 0
Closing		31	3 0
Castorseeds	September—		
Opening		62	8 0
Highest		62	8 0
Lowest		61	8 0
Closing		61	12 0
Linseed	September—		
Closing		8	13 3

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Wednesday, July 8, 1942

Regd. No. B 1065 Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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War Risk Insurance Of Immovable Properties

Bombay Govt. Proposals To Cover Non-Factory Buildings

The Director of Information writes:—

Suggestions have been made to the Government of Bombay, and have also appeared in the press, that a scheme might be devised to provide compensation for war damage applicable to immovable properties with the exclusion of "factories", which are already covered by the Government of India Scheme and also, possibly, of properties of a specified type, e.g., temples, mosques and other "religious" buildings, or buildings owned by the Central or the Provincial Government or by a Railway or by a Port Trust or a Municipality.

It will be appreciated that there is as yet in Bombay Province no actual data on which to base such a scheme. But an attempt has been made to forecast the financial commitments which might be involved if such a scheme were introduced.

It has been assumed that such a scheme should apply only to those cities in the Province which have already been selected for the enforcement of systematic A. R. P. measures, viz., Bombay City, Bombay Suburban District, Poona, (including Kirkee) and Ahmedabad. The value of the immovable property to be covered by the scheme in these centres, based on Municipal house-tax returns, is taken as approximately Rs. 325 crores.

BRITISH SCHEME.

It is considered that any such scheme for the protection of the householder would best be based on the British War Damage Act, under which damage done will be paid for from a Fund to which the property-owner and the Treasury, that is, Government revenues, contribute. It is understood that in Great Britain the probable liability in the way of compensation over a period of two years was taken, when the Act was first introduced, at 4 per cent. of the total estimated value of the immovable property in the country. All property-owners have to pay contributions amounting, on a rough estimate, to 2 per cent. of their property, and damage from enemy action up to a total of £200,000,000 will be paid for from funds so collected. If the total damage exceeds £200,000,000, the Treasury would contribute up to another £200,000,000. If the total damage exceeded £400,000,000, the compensation to be paid thereafter would be provided by equal contributions from the property-owner and the Government.

In Great Britain, clearly the danger of loss of property is considerably greater than it is in the Bombay Province. But on the other hand, in Great Britain, the risk is spread over "all" property, both urban and rural, whereas under the scheme examined by the Government of Bombay, the risk is confined to certain areas, and the individual risk is thus considerably higher, than if it were spread over all towns and villages of the Province. In addition, the methods of building construction and the congestion in Indian cities involve the possibility of more extensive damage.

GOVT. PROPOSAL.

The Government of Bombay, therefore, in considering a scheme for certain areas of the Province, have thought it best to proceed on the assumption that the property-owner will contribute an amount equal to 2 per cent. of the value of non-factory property in the areas to which the scheme extends, and that if this amount should be found insufficient, the Government of Bombay would then provide an equal amount. The risk period would cover two years from the introduction of the scheme, and the property-owner's contribution would be collected in half-yearly instalments over a period of four years.

This would mean that property-owners in Bombay, Bombay Suburban District, Ahmedabad and Poona would have to pay annually for each of four years a contribution which, it has been estimated, would vary from 1-1/2 to 2 times their present house-tax (in Ahmedabad, the general water-rate) not including Urban Immovable Property Tax. If the contributions are not fully used up on the scheme, the balance will be refunded.

SUGGESTIONS INVITED.

Any such scheme can of course be but tentative. But the Government, before considering the scheme further, desires to know the public reaction to these proposals, especially whether a scheme for compensation on these lines would be welcomed by the public and whether property-owners would be prepared to contribute the amounts required. It should be noticed that the contribution under the scheme will be compulsory on "all" non-factory buildings (other than of the type which may be specifically excluded and in respect of which no compensation can be claimed) throughout the areas covered.

Suggestions or remarks may be sent to the Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Finance Department, before August 10, 1942.

Soviet troops victoriously storming the town of Yukhnov, 125 miles east of Smolensk. (A photograph taken during the action).

1 CRORE FOR FOODSTUFFS

Congress City Fathers' Move To Fight Food Racket

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The setting up of a Food Council, consisting of representatives of Government, the Municipal Corporation and Commercial interests to tackle the situation arising out of the steep, periodical increase in the prices of foodstuffs, has been suggested by a sub-committee set up by the Bombay Municipal Congress Party.

A requisition is being sent for the calling of a special meeting of the Corporation to consider another proposal sponsored by the Congress Party to raise a loan of one crore of rupees to enable the Corporation to purchase commodities in bulk and sell them at cost price.

It will be remembered that a meeting of the Municipal Congress Party held on Friday last considered the alarming situation arising out of the shortage of certain foodstuffs and the price pushing-racket rampant in the city. One of the suggestions made at the meeting was that the Corporation should enter the market as a dealer in foodstuffs but without the profit motive. It was felt that this would have a sobering effect on the market.

At the same time, a doubt was expressed if the Corporation could undertake such work under the existing law governing the activities of that body. A special committee was set up to consider the legal aspects of the matter. It is understood that the committee has reported that the Corporation would be within its rights to undertake such work, under the Municipal Act. Therefore a requisition is being sent to the Mayor to convene a special meeting of the Corporation to consider this question. The requisition will probably be sent to the Mayor to-morrow.

The Friday meeting of the Congress Party had also set up a Sub-Committee to devise a scheme for obviating the difficulties in the distribution of foodstuffs during the pendency of the present emergency. The sub-committee which concluded its deliberation on Tuesday has arrived at the unanimous conclusion that a Food Council should be set up to tackle the situation. The Committee felt that considering its present all round commitments, the Government would not be able effectively to handle the situation. The work of controlling the proper distribution and prices of foodstuffs, the committee felt, could be better handled by a committee consisting of the representatives of the Government, the representatives of the Corporation who could naturally be regarded as the accredited representatives of the consumers and also the representatives of certain commercial bodies.

It is understood that the report of the sub-committee will be circulated to the commercial bodies and other public bodies for the eliciting of public opinion. The Municipal Congress Party will consider what action it can take on the recommendations.

Anti-Fascists Attack Troops In Italy

15 Accused On Trial, 6 Killed At The Time Of Arrest

MOSCOW, July 7.

The trial of 15 persons accused of armed opposition to Fascists has begun in Rome, states the Soviet News Agency quoting Italian newspaper reports.

Defendants are natives of Trieste, Corizza and Fume. Among their operations are stated to have been an attack on an Italian detachment in which 11 Italian officers were killed or wounded.

Besides the 15 accused, six others were killed while resisting arrest, it added.—Reuter.

SOUTH AFRICAN BOXER A FIFTH COLUMNIST?

PRETORIA, July 7

Robey Leibbrandt, South African boxer, who is accused of being a Nazi agent and 17 others were formally charged with high treason when their preparatory examination was resumed on Monday.

All pleaded not guilty. Leibbrandt said, "The charge was absurd."

The charge included allegations that the accused conspired against the safety of the state and that Leibbrandt with two others attempted to communicate with the enemy by radio.—Reuter.

FORTNIGHTLY CENSUS OF FOOD STOCKS

CALCUTTA, July 7.

Steps have, it is learnt, been taken by the Government of Bengal to take fortnightly census of the stock of foodstuffs with the dealers in Calcutta in order to make it sure that there is always a sufficient quantity for at least one month's consumption of the city. A special officer has been appointed to take necessary measures in this connection and suggest remedial action in case of deficiency in the stock of any particular commodity.—A. P.

Gloucester Inspects Armed Forces In City

Presents Decoration And Medal To Indian Soldiers

The Duke of Gloucester spent this morning inspecting the armed forces in Bombay. Owing to rain the visits to various camps which had been arranged were cancelled and detachments of different units assembled at Victoria Terminus and Bombay Central.

At Victoria Terminus the Duke, who was accompanied by Major-General Witts, inspected various detachments drawn up in a long line on the platform. Among the units represented were the Bombay Contingent A.F.I., 1st Battalion of the G.I.P. Railway Regiment A.F.I., Coastal Defence formations, a bomb disposal company, Indian Infantry, Second Urban Infantry I.T.F. and the Bombay University Training Corps.

From Victoria Terminus His Royal Highness drove to Bombay Central where he saw men of artillery, infantry, engineer, Royal Air Force and other formations. The 1st Battalion of the B. B. & C. I. Railway Regiment was among the units represented. Women belonging to the Women's Auxiliary Air Corps in a smart uniform also greeted the Duke.

A short investiture was held at Bombay Central where the Duke presented a decoration and a medal to two men of the 7th Rajput Regiment. Subedar Alif Din, I.D.S.M., was awarded the insignia of the Order of British India (Second Class) with the title of Bahadur. Subedar Alif Din was decorated with the I.D.S.M. in 1921 by the Prince of Wales during his visit to India. The award was made for distinguished services in Iraq and the ceremony took place in Bombay.

No. 6875 Sepoy Alla Ditta Khan was decorated with I.D.S.M. The citation reads as follows:

"His Excellency the Viceroy is pleased to sanction the following immediate award for most gallant conduct in the defence of S. S. Sabadar when she was attacked by Japanese dive bombers on February 3, 1942.

During the attack, which lasted 20 minutes, Sepoy Alla Ditta Khan manned his light machine-gun with the greatest coolness despite repeated attacks by bombs and machine-guns.

With splinters and bullets whizzing around him he stuck to his post and shot down one of the attackers, thereby causing the rest to turn tail and flee."

On his way from Government House to the railway stations and back, His Royal Highness drove past large crowds which had assembled on the pavements and at street corners. There was spontaneous cheering when the Royal car appeared. In spite of rain the people waited in the open for another glimpse of the Duke.

His Royal Highness intends to visit units and formations in Poona.

GLOUCESTER VISITS INDIAN WOUNDED

POONA, July 7.

Lt.-Gen. H.R.H. the Duke of Gloucester and H.E. the Governor of Bombay arrived at Kirkee station this evening by special train accompanied by their respective staff.

His Royal Highness motored to India General Hospital, Kirkee, where he went round the wards and saw many Indian officers and men wounded in Burma. Both in this hospital and in the British Military Hospital which he later visited, His Royal Highness showed great interest in the welfare of the men and asked to be told about the history of many cases. He chatted with many of the patients asking them how long they had been in hospital and in which theatre of war they sustained their injuries. An Indian woman in the I.M.S. wearing a Captain's badge of rank was on duty in the Indian General Hospital.

His Royal Highness paid a visit to the Headquarters of the Bombay Sappers and Miners.

Among the officers who were presented to the Duke was Capt. P. S. Bhagat, who won the V.C. in the Eriterean Campaign. The Duke chatted with him for a while.

An investiture was held and the Indian officers were presented with the insignia of their awards.—A. P.

SAMBARMURTHI'S REPLY

Question Of Disciplinary Action

MADRAS, July 6.

Mr. B. Sambamurthi, Speaker of the Madras Legislative Assembly, has addressed a letter to the General Secretary of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee replying to the resolution of its Working Committee calling upon an explanation for his association with Mr. Rajagopalachari's propaganda tour and for his letter to the Congress Working Committee in the course of which he says:—

"The point that I wish to be considered is that the propriety of the party organisation, specially the Executive exercising disciplinary powers over the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly as such is of a great constitutional and political importance.

I deemed it proper, therefore, to place the matter before the Working Committee of the Congress for giving decision in the matter. The fact that a Speaker holds primary membership in the Congress cannot dispense with the consideration of wisdom and propriety of allowing the Speaker to be subjected to the threat of disciplinary action at the instance of the Provincial Executive. I still feel that this question of an all-India and general importance should be decided by the Congress President.

"I have no objection whatsoever to my personal question being considered and disposed of by the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee. As regards my speeches, I only reiterated my well-known views regarding the fundamental rights of every federating unit of an Independent Republic.

This proposition of mine is not new, and cannot form the ground for any action against me. My association with Mr. Rajagopalachari in his propaganda tour was based on this view and was, therefore, perfectly right."

The copy of the above letter has been forwarded to the Secretary of the A.I.C.C.—United Press.

SARDAR PATEL TRAVELS AS "MEMBER OF DEFENCE FORCES"

BOMBAY, July 6.

An amusing incident occurred when Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, the Congress leader left for Wardha on Saturday last, to attend the Congress Working Committee meeting.

Accompanied by Maniben Patel, his daughter and Mr. Mahadev Desai, Mahatma Gandhi's Secretary, Sardar Patel arrived at the Victoria Terminus Station to take the train for Wardha and he found to his great amusement that his compartment was reserved in a carriage to which was attached a board prominently reading "Reserved for Members of the Defence Forces".

A journalist asked him as to when he joined the Defence forces. The Sardar with a hearty laugh replied: "Well, we all are pledged for the defence of our country against any foreign aggression. In that sense we are all members of the Defence forces. But, where have we the opportunity?"

The journalist said "Soon you may be called upon to direct the defence of our country as the board consciously or unconsciously indicates". The Sardar replied: "Perhaps the Railway authorities know better".—India Press Service.

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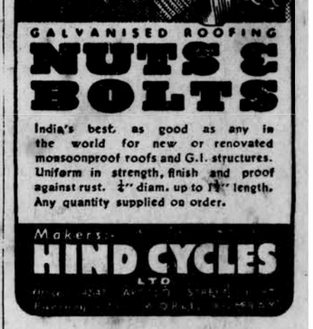

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CHARLIE CHAN — Father Against Son — By ALFRED ANDRIOLA

LADDIE - YOU WOULDN'T SQUEAL TO THE COPS - WOULD YOU, SON?
TAKE - THE LITTLE GIRL HOME - AND I WON'T SAY ANY - THING!
CAN YOU TIE THAT? WE GOTTA GIVE UP A QUARTER MILLION BUCKS TO SILENCE HIM!
LADDIE, THEY HANG KIDNAPERS IN THIS STATE... AND I'M DOING IT TO GET MONEY TO FIX YOUR LIMP!
I'D RATHER BE LAME ALL MY LIFE THAN GET CURED THAT WAY!
DAD, THAT GIRL HAS GOT TO GO HOME - SAFE - OR -
YOU MEAN - YOU'D SQUEAL ON ME TO THE COPS - ?
5-16
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